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TEST REPORT IEC 60950-1 Information technology equipment – Safety – Part 1: General requirements	
Report Number	306881
Date of issue	2016-04-25
Total number of pages	Refer to page 3
Applicant's name	GlobTek, Inc.
Address	186 Veterans Dr. Northvale, NJ 07647 USA
Test specification:	
Standard	IEC 60950-1:2005 (Second Edition) + Am 1:2009 + Am 2:2013
Test procedure	CB Scheme
Non-standard test method	N/A
Test Report Form No.	IEC60950_1F
Test Report Form(s) Originator	SGS Fimko Ltd
Master TRF	Dated 2014-02
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General disclaimer:	
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Test item description	Open Frame Switching Mode Power Supply for building-in
Trade Mark	 GlobTek®, Inc.
Manufacturer	Same as applicant.
Model/Type reference	GT-41060ZWWVV-X.X-FW (Refer to page 7 for the model designation)
Ratings	Input: 0.6A, 100-240V~, 50-60Hz; Output: 3-30Vdc, max 25W, max 3.00A

Testing procedure and testing location:		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CB Testing Laboratory:	Nemko Shanghai Ltd. Shenzhen Branch
Testing location/ address		Unit C & D, Floor 10, Tower 2, Kefa Road #8 Hi-Technology Park Nanshan District 518057 Shenzhen CHINA
<input type="checkbox"/>	Associated CB Laboratory:	
Testing location/ address		
Tested by (name + function + signature)		Bill Yang (Project handler)
Approved by (name + function + signature)		Jane Sun (Verifier)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: TMP/CTF Stage 1:	
Testing location/ address		
Tested by (name + signature)		
Approved by (name + signature)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: WMT/CTF Stage 2:	
Testing location/ address		
Tested by (name + signature)		
Witnessed by (name + signature)		
Approved by (name + signature)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: SMT/CTF Stage 3 or 4:	
Testing location/ address		
Tested by (name + signature)		
Approved by (name + signature)		
Supervised by (name + signature) ...		

List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):

1. Main Test report (60 pages)
2. Photos (1 page)
3. European Group differences and National differences (18 pages)
4. Australian/New Zealand differences (8 pages)
5. Canadian differences (5 pages)
6. Korean differences (1 page)
7. US differences (5 pages)
8. Chinese differences (7 pages)
9. Japanese differences (8 pages)
10. Israeli differences (5 pages)
11. Singapore differences (3 pages)

Summary of testing:
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

Clause	Test(s)
1.6	Input Current Test
1.7	Durability of Marking Test
2.1	Access to energized parts
2.1	Energy Hazard in Operator Access Area
2.1	Discharge of Capacitors
2.2	SELV limits for Normal Conditions
2.2	SELV limits for Abnormal Conditions
2.4	Limited current circuits
2.5	Limited power sources
2.6	Provisions for earthing and bonding
2.9	Electrical insulation
2.10	Working Voltage test
2.10	Clearance and Creepage distance measurements
4.2	Mechanical strength
4.5	Maximum Temperature Test
5.1	Touch Current
5.2	Electric Strength Test
5.3	Fault Condition Test

Annex C transformer construction
Load condition see general product information.

Testing location:

See page 3

Radio and television interference Suppression
Compliance with the EMC directive is necessary for achieving type certification. The appliance shall comply with the relevant EMC standards,

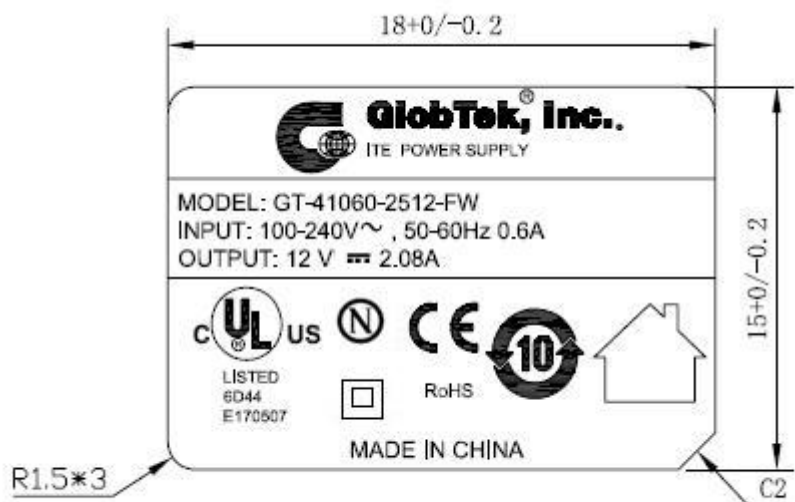
It's a building-in product. Should be checked in the end product.

depending on the equipment in question. In NO, compliance with standards for radio interference suppression is a part of Nemko's certification. In FI, DK and SE compliance is not necessary for achieving safety certification.	
1.7.2.1 Language of safety markings/ instructions	Instructions and equipment marking related to safety is applied in the language that is acceptable in the country in which the equipment is to be sold.
1.7.6 Fuse identification	1A rated fuse or 2A rated fuse can be used in the equipment. Two kinds of silk screen used for those two fuse current ratings, refer to attachment PCB layout. For 1A fuse rating, PCB marked: F1: T1A, 250V; F2: T1A 250V For 2A fuse rating, PCB marked: F1: T2A, 250V; F2: T2A 250V
2.10 Clearance	This equipment is intended to be operated under altitude up to 3500m, so the required clearance is multiplied by the altitude correction factor 1.29, specified in IEC 60664-1.
3.2 Connection to a mains supply	The equipment provides a quick-connector for power supply from supply mains. Connection to a mains supply shall be evaluated in the end-product.
4.7 Resistance to fire	The equipment is a building-in open-frame switching power supply, fire enclosure shall be provided and evaluated with the end-equipment.
Summary of compliance with National Differences <p>The sample(s) tested compliance with the requirements of IEC 60950-1: 2005 (2nd Edition); Am1: 2009; Am2: 2013 and all CENELEC members as listed in EN 60950-1: 2006 +A11: 2009+A1: 2010+A12: 2011+A2: 2013.</p> <p>At the time of issuing this test report, not all countries are listed for IEC 60950-1:2005 (2nd Edition); Am1:2009; Am2:2013. Therefore this test report includes national differences for IEC 60950-1:2005 (2nd Edition); Am1:2009 and IEC 60950-1: 2005 (2nd Edition) and IEC 60950-1: 2001 1st Edition.</p> <p>All national differences listed in the IECEE Online CB Bulletin are covered by the Common Modifications, Special National Conditions, National Deviations, and the National Requirements noted above except for the countries which are documented in Attachment.</p> <p>National Differences attached to this test report:</p> <p>list from IEC 60950-1, 1st edition: Japan</p> <p>list from IEC 60950-1, 2nd edition: China and Singapore</p> <p>list from IEC 60950-1: 2005 (2nd Edition); Am1: 2009 : Korea, Israeli and Australia.</p> <p>list from IEC 60950-1: 2005 (2nd Edition); Am2: 2013 :USA and Canada</p>	

Copy of marking plate

The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBs that own these marks.

(Additional requirements for markings. See 1.7 NOTE)



(Representative all the models.)

Calibration:	<p>All instruments used in the tests given in this test report are calibrated and traceable to national or international standards.</p> <p>Further information about traceability will be given on request.</p>
Measurement uncertainty:	<p>Measurement uncertainties are calculated for all instruments and instrument set-ups given in this report. Calculations are based on the principles given in the standard EA-4/02 (Dec. 1999), IEC Guide 115:2007, Nemko routine L227 and other relevant internal Nemko-procedures.</p> <p>Further information about measurement uncertainties will be given on request.</p>
Evaluation of results:	<p>If not explicitly stated otherwise in the standard, the test is passed if the measured value is equal to or below (above) the limit line, regardless of the measurement uncertainty. If the measured value is above (below) the limit line, the test is not passed - ref IEC Guide 115:2007, and Nemko routine L220. The instrumentation accuracy is within limits agreed by IECEE-CTL (ref. Nemko routine L227).</p>

Test item particulars	
Equipment mobility	<input type="checkbox"/> movable <input type="checkbox"/> hand-held <input type="checkbox"/> transportable <input type="checkbox"/> stationary <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> for building-in <input type="checkbox"/> direct plug-in
Connection to the mains	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pluggable equipment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> type A <input type="checkbox"/> type B <input type="checkbox"/> permanent connection <input type="checkbox"/> detachable power supply cord <input type="checkbox"/> non-detachable power supply cord <input type="checkbox"/> not directly connected to the mains
Operating condition	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> rated operating / resting time:
Access location	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> operator accessible <input type="checkbox"/> restricted access location
Over voltage category (OVC)	<input type="checkbox"/> OVC I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OVC II <input type="checkbox"/> OVC III <input type="checkbox"/> OVC IV <input type="checkbox"/> other:
Mains supply tolerance (%) or absolute mains supply values	± 10%
Tested for IT power systems	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
IT testing, phase-phase voltage (V)	230Vac
Class of equipment	<input type="checkbox"/> Class I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Class II <input type="checkbox"/> Class III <input type="checkbox"/> Not classified
Considered current rating of protective device as part of the building installation (A)	16A (20A for US and Canada)
Pollution degree (PD)	<input type="checkbox"/> PD 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PD 2 <input type="checkbox"/> PD 3
IP protection class	Building-in equipment
Altitude during operation (m)	<3500m
Altitude of test laboratory (m)	<2000m
Mass of equipment (kg)	88g WxHxD: 50x90x24mm
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object	N/A
- test object does meet the requirement	P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement	F (Fail)
Testing	
Date of receipt of test item	2016-03-17
Date(s) of performance of tests	2016-03-17 – 2016-04-13

General remarks:

” (see attachment #)” refers to additional information appended to the report.

”(see appended table)” refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a 0 comma / 1 point is used as the decimal separator.

Manufacturer’s Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of IEC60950-1:

The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided: ☒ Yes ☐ Not applicable

When differences exist; they shall be identified in the General product information section.

Name and address of factory (ies).....: 1.GlobTek, Inc.
186 Veterans Dr. Northvale, NJ 07647 USA
2.GlobTek (Suzhou) Co., Ltd
Building 4, No. 76, Jin Ling East Rd., Suzhou
Industrial Park, Suzhou, JiangSu 215021, China

General product information:

The equipment covered in this test report is an open frame type building-in switching power adapter for use in general office equipment (end equipment is not specified).

Explanation of model designation GT-41060ZWWVV-X.X-FW:

Z: can be - or CC, "-" = Constant Voltage Model, CC = Constant Current Model

WW: rated output wattage, maximum 25

VV: rated output voltage, with a range of 3-30

-X.X is optional or blank, denotes the output voltage differentiator, subtracting or adding X.X volts from standard output voltage VV in 0.1V increments.

VV-X.X together denotes a voltage range of 3-30Vdc

FW=open frame

Maximum rated output current is 3.00A

All models are identical except minor differences in transformer secondary windings and secondary circuit.

The models GT-41060-1505-FW and GT-41060-2530-FW represent the worst case because the models have highest V, A and VA.

Model designation	Output voltage	Output current	Output power
GT-41060-1505-FW	5Vdc	3.00A	15W
GT-41060-2530-FW	30Vdc	0.833A	25W

Unless otherwise specified, all tests were conducted under worst case.

Normal load: loaded to rated output.

Circuit characteristics: The equipment contains primary circuit and SELV circuit in secondary.

Maximum recommended ambient (Tma): 40°C.

1.1.2 – Additional requirements:

Exposure to extreme temperatures, excessive dust, moisture or vibration; to flammable gases; to corrosive or explosive atmospheres:

This equipment is intended to operate in a "normal" environment (Offices and homes).

Electromedical equipment connected to the patient:

This equipment is not an electromedical equipment intended to be physically connected to a patient.

Equipment used in vehicles, ships or aircrafts, in tropical countries, or at elevations > 2000m:

This equipment is intended to be operated under altitude up to 3500m, so the clearance is multiplied by the altitude correction factor 1.29, specified in table A.2 of IEC 60664-1.

Abbreviations used in the report:


- normal conditions	N.C.	- single fault conditions	S.F.C
- functional insulation	OP	- basic insulation	BI
- double insulation	DI	- supplementary insulation	SI
- between parts of opposite polarity	BOP	- reinforced insulation	RI

Indicate used abbreviations (if any)

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1	GENERAL		P
1.5	Components		P
1.5.1	General		P
	Comply with IEC 60950-1 or relevant component standard	(see appended tables 1.5.1)	P
1.5.2	Evaluation and testing of components	<p>Certified components are used in accordance with their ratings, certifications and they comply with applicable parts of this standard.</p> <p>Components not certified are used in accordance with their ratings and they comply with applicable parts of IEC 60950-1 and the relevant component standard.</p> <p>Components, for which no relevant IEC-standard exists, have been tested under the conditions occurring in the equipment, using applicable parts of IEC 60950-1.</p>	P
1.5.3	Thermal controls	No such devices.	N/A
1.5.4	Transformers	Transformers used are suitable for their intended applications and comply with relevant parts of this standard and particularly Annex C.	P
1.5.5	Interconnecting cables	No interconnecting cables.	N/A
1.5.6	Capacitors bridging insulation	<p>X2 capacitors are used between lines</p> <p>Y1 capacitors are used between primary and secondary.</p> <p>X2, Y1 capacitors are certified according to IEC/EN60384-14.</p> <p>Refer to appended table 1.5.1</p>	P
1.5.7	Resistors bridging insulation	See below.	P
1.5.7.1	Resistors bridging functional, basic or supplementary insulation	Resistors(RA,RB) in series located after fuse bridging functional insulation.	P
1.5.7.2	Resistors bridging double or reinforced insulation between a.c. mains and other circuits		N/A
1.5.7.3	Resistors bridging double or reinforced insulation between a.c. mains and antenna or coaxial cable		N/A

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.5.8	Components in equipment for IT power systems	Class II equipment.	N/A
1.5.9	Surge suppressors	Certified VDR connected between line and neutral, ref. appended table 1.5.1 and Annex Q.	P
1.5.9.1	General	Refer to 1.5.9.	P
1.5.9.2	Protection of VDRs	Mains fuse used as protection of varistor which is located after mains fuse.	P
1.5.9.3	Bridging of functional insulation by a VDR	Refer to 1.5.9.	P
1.5.9.4	Bridging of basic insulation by a VDR		N/A
1.5.9.5	Bridging of supplementary, double or reinforced insulation by a VDR		N/A

1.6	Power interface		P
1.6.1	AC power distribution systems	TN, and IT for Norway	P
1.6.2	Input current	(see appended table 1.6.2)	P
1.6.3	Voltage limit of hand-held equipment		N/A
1.6.4	Neutral conductor	Open frame building-in equipment, shall be evaluated with the end-product.	N/A

1.7	Marking and instructions		P
1.7.1	Power rating and identification markings	The required marking is on the equipment.	P
1.7.1.1	Power rating marking		P
	Multiple mains supply connections.....:	Single mains supply.	N/A
	Rated voltage(s) or voltage range(s) (V)	100-240V	P
	Symbol for nature of supply, for d.c. only	AC supply.	N/A
	Rated frequency or rated frequency range (Hz):	50-60Hz	P
	Rated current (mA or A)	0.6A	P
1.7.1.2	Identification markings		P
	Manufacturer's name or trade-mark or identification mark		P
	Model identification or type reference	GT-41060ZWWVV-X.X-FW	P
	Symbol for Class II equipment only	Class II symbol (IEC 60417-1, symbol No. 5172) is applied to the label.	P
	Other markings and symbols	Other markings and symbols do not give rise to misunderstanding.	P
1.7.2	Safety instructions and marking		P

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.7.2.1	General	Refer to summary of testing.	P
1.7.2.2	Disconnect devices	Building-in equipment, shall be evaluated with the end-product.	—
1.7.2.3	Overcurrent protective device		N/A
1.7.2.4	IT power distribution systems	The following or similar information should be given in the installation instruction: "This product is also designed for IT power distribution system with phase-to-phase voltage 230 V".	P
1.7.2.5	Operator access with a tool	Building-in product, shall be evaluated with the end product.	—
1.7.2.6	Ozone	The equipment does not produce ozone	N/A
1.7.3	Short duty cycles	Continuous operation.	N/A
1.7.4	Supply voltage adjustment	Single voltage range.	N/A
	Methods and means of adjustment; reference to installation instructions		N/A
1.7.5	Power outlets on the equipment	No standard power outlets provided.	N/A
1.7.6	Fuse identification (marking, special fusing characteristics, cross-reference)	Non-replaceable PCB-mount fuse: F1: T2A, 250V F2: T2A, 250V for 2A fuse rating F1: T1A, 250V F2: T1A, 250V for 1A fuse rating Refer to summary of testing.	P
1.7.7	Wiring terminals		—
1.7.7.1	Protective earthing and bonding terminals	Class II equipment.	N/A
1.7.7.2	Terminals for a.c. mains supply conductors	Building-in equipment, shall be evaluated with the end-product.	—
1.7.7.3	Terminals for d.c. mains supply conductors		N/A
1.7.8	Controls and indicators	Refer to below.	P
1.7.8.1	Identification, location and marking	No switch and controls.	N/A
1.7.8.2	Colours	Green LED for normal operation, no safety involved.	P
1.7.8.3	Symbols according to IEC 60417		N/A
1.7.8.4	Markings using figures		N/A

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.7.9	Isolation of multiple power sources	Single supply.	N/A
1.7.10	Thermostats and other regulating devices	No such devices.	N/A
1.7.11	Durability	Marking is durable and legible. Tested by water followed with petroleum spirit.	P
1.7.12	Removable parts	No such parts.	N/A
1.7.13	Replaceable batteries	No battery.	N/A
	Language(s)		—
1.7.14	Equipment for restricted access locations.....	Not for RAL.	N/A

2	PROTECTION FROM HAZARDS		P
2.1	Protection from electric shock and energy hazards		—
2.1.1	Protection in operator access areas	Building-in equipment. Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
2.1.1.1	Access to energized parts	Building-in equipment. Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
	Test by inspection		—
	Test with test finger (Figure 2A)		—
	Test with test pin (Figure 2B)		—
	Test with test probe (Figure 2C)		—
2.1.1.2	Battery compartments		N/A
2.1.1.3	Access to ELV wiring	No ELV wiring in operator accessible area.	N/A
	Working voltage (V_{peak} or V_{rms}); minimum distance through insulation (mm)		—
2.1.1.4	Access to hazardous voltage circuit wiring	Building-in equipment. Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
2.1.1.5	Energy hazards	Building-in equipment. Shall evaluate in the end equipment. (Reference test see appended tables 2.1.1.5)	—
2.1.1.6	Manual controls	No such controls.	N/A
2.1.1.7	Discharge of capacitors in equipment		P
	Measured voltage (V); time-constant (s) :	Time-constant: Max. 980ms. X-Cap (CX1): 0.47 μ F Discharge resistors (RA, RB): each=1M Ω .	—
2.1.1.8	Energy hazards – d.c. mains supply	Not intended for connecting to d.c. mains supply.	N/A
	a) Capacitor connected to the d.c. mains supply .. :		N/A

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	b) Internal battery connected to the d.c. mains supply		N/A
2.1.1.9	Audio amplifiers	No audio amplifiers.	N/A
2.1.2	Protection in service access areas	Building-in equipment. Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
2.1.3	Protection in restricted access locations	Not intended for installation in RAL.	N/A

2.2	SELV circuits		P
2.2.1	General requirements	SELV limits are not exceeded under normal condition and after a single fault.	P
2.2.2	Voltages under normal conditions (V)	Within SELV limits.	P
2.2.3	Voltages under fault conditions (V)	Within SELV limits.	P
2.2.4	Connection of SELV circuits to other circuits	SELV circuits are only connected to other SELV circuits.	N/A

2.3	TNV circuits		N/A
2.3.1	Limits	No TNV circuits.	N/A
	Type of TNV circuits.....		—
2.3.2	Separation from other circuits and from accessible parts		N/A
2.3.2.1	General requirements		N/A
2.3.2.2	Protection by basic insulation		N/A
2.3.2.3	Protection by earthing		N/A
2.3.2.4	Protection by other constructions		N/A
2.3.3	Separation from hazardous voltages		N/A
	Insulation employed		—
2.3.4	Connection of TNV circuits to other circuits		N/A
	Insulation employed		—
2.3.5	Test for operating voltages generated externally		N/A

2.4	Limited current circuits		P
2.4.1	General requirements	Limits are not exceeded.	P
2.4.2	Limit values	(See appended table 2.4)	P
	Frequency (Hz)		—
	Measured current (mA)		—
	Measured voltage (V).....		—
	Measured circuit capacitance (nF or μ F)		—

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

2.4.3	Connection of limited current circuits to other circuits	No connection to other circuits.	N/A
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2.5	Limited power sources		P
	a) Inherently limited output		N/A
	b) Impedance limited output		N/A
	c) Regulating network limited output under normal operating and single fault condition	(see appended table 2.5)	P
	Use of integrated circuit (IC) current limiters		N/A
	d) Overcurrent protective device limited output		N/A
	Max. output voltage (V), max. output current (A), max. apparent power (VA)	(see appended table 2.5)	—
	Current rating of overcurrent protective device (A) ..		—

2.6	Provisions for earthing and bonding		N/A
2.6.1	Protective earthing	Class II equipment	N/A
2.6.2	Functional earthing		N/A
2.6.3	Protective earthing and protective bonding conductors		N/A
2.6.3.1	General		N/A
2.6.3.2	Size of protective earthing conductors		N/A
	Rated current (A), cross-sectional area (mm ²), AWG		—
2.6.3.3	Size of protective bonding conductors		N/A
	Rated current (A), cross-sectional area (mm ²), AWG		—
	Protective current rating (A), cross-sectional area (mm ²), AWG		N/A
2.6.3.4	Resistance of earthing conductors and their terminations; resistance (Ω), voltage drop (V), test current (A), duration (min).....		N/A
2.6.3.5	Colour of insulation		N/A
2.6.4	Terminals		N/A
2.6.4.1	General		N/A
2.6.4.2	Protective earthing and bonding terminals		N/A
	Rated current (A), type, nominal thread diameter (mm).....		—
2.6.4.3	Separation of the protective earthing conductor from protective bonding conductors		N/A
2.6.5	Integrity of protective earthing		N/A
2.6.5.1	Interconnection of equipment		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
2.6.5.2	Components in protective earthing conductors and protective bonding conductors		N/A
2.6.5.3	Disconnection of protective earth		N/A
2.6.5.4	Parts that can be removed by an operator		N/A
2.6.5.5	Parts removed during servicing		N/A
2.6.5.6	Corrosion resistance		N/A
2.6.5.7	Screws for protective bonding		N/A
2.6.5.8	Reliance on telecommunication network or cable distribution system		N/A

2.7	Overcurrent and earth fault protection in primary circuits		P
2.7.1	Basic requirements	Protective device is integrated in the equipment, see also 5.3.	P
	Instructions when protection relies on building installation		N/A
2.7.2	Faults not simulated in 5.3.7	Considered.	P
2.7.3	Short-circuit backup protection	Adequate protective device.	P
2.7.4	Number and location of protective devices	In Norway, IT power distribution system is used. Equipment with a single protective device is accepted in Norway. Other countries (e.g. Germany and Belgium) may have additional requirements.	P
2.7.5	Protection by several devices	When two fused used, they located together, refer to attached PCB layout.	P
2.7.6	Warning to service personnel	After operation of the protective device, the equipment is still under voltage if it is connected to an IT power system. A warning is required for service personnel. Norway does not require this warning.	N/A

2.8	Safety interlocks		N/A
2.8.1	General principles	No interlock.	N/A
2.8.2	Protection requirements		N/A
2.8.3	Inadvertent reactivation		N/A
2.8.4	Fail-safe operation		N/A
	Protection against extreme hazard		N/A
2.8.5	Moving parts		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
2.8.6	Overriding		N/A
2.8.7	Switches, relays and their related circuits		N/A
2.8.7.1	Separation distances for contact gaps and their related circuits (mm)		N/A
2.8.7.2	Overload test		N/A
2.8.7.3	Endurance test		N/A
2.8.7.4	Electric strength test		N/A
2.8.8	Mechanical actuators		N/A

2.9	Electrical insulation		P
2.9.1	Properties of insulating materials	Natural rubber, asbestos or hygroscopic materials are not used.	P
2.9.2	Humidity conditioning	Tested for 120 hrs	P
	Relative humidity (%), temperature (°C)	93%, 40°C	—
2.9.3	Grade of insulation	Insulation is considered to be functional, basic, supplementary, reinforced or double insulation.	P
2.9.4	Separation from hazardous voltages	See below.	P
	Method(s) used	Method 1 used.	—

2.10	Clearances, creepage distances and distances through insulation		P
2.10.1	General	See below.	P
2.10.1.1	Frequency	The equipment is operating at frequency higher than 30 kHz.	P
2.10.1.2	Pollution degrees	PD2.	P
2.10.1.3	Reduced values for functional insulation	Refer to Cl. 5.3.4.	N/A
2.10.1.4	Intervening unconnected conductive parts	Considered.	P
2.10.1.5	Insulation with varying dimensions	No such insulation.	N/A
2.10.1.6	Special separation requirements	Not used.	N/A
2.10.1.7	Insulation in circuits generating starting pulses	No circuits generating starting pulses.	N/A
2.10.2	Determination of working voltage	See below.	P
2.10.2.1	General	See below.	P
2.10.2.2	RMS working voltage	(see appended table 2.10.2)	P
2.10.2.3	Peak working voltage	(see appended table 2.10.2)	P
2.10.3	Clearances	(see appended table 2.10.3 and 2.10.4)	P
2.10.3.1	General		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
2.10.3.2	Mains transient voltages		P
	a) AC mains supply	AC mains supply voltage: up to 300V, Overvoltage category II, Mains transient voltage: 2500V peak.	P
	b) Earthed d.c. mains supplies	AC mains supply	N/A
	c) Unearthed d.c. mains supplies	AC mains supply	N/A
	d) Battery operation	AC mains supply	N/A
2.10.3.3	Clearances in primary circuits	(see appended table 2.10.3 and 2.10.4)	P
2.10.3.4	Clearances in secondary circuits	Only functional insulation in secondary circuit.	N/A
2.10.3.5	Clearances in circuits having starting pulses	No circuits generating starting pulses.	N/A
2.10.3.6	Transients from a.c. mains supply	Mains transient voltage: 2500V peak.	P
2.10.3.7	Transients from d.c. mains supply	Not for d.c. mains supply.	N/A
2.10.3.8	Transients from telecommunication networks and cable distribution systems	No TNV circuit.	N/A
2.10.3.9	Measurement of transient voltage levels	Measurement not relevant.	N/A
	a) Transients from a mains supply		N/A
	For an a.c. mains supply		N/A
	For a d.c. mains supply		N/A
	b) Transients from a telecommunication network :		N/A
2.10.4	Creepage distances	(see appended table 2.10.3 and 2.10.4)	P
2.10.4.1	General	See below.	P
2.10.4.2	Material group and comparative tracking index	See below.	P
	CTI tests.....	Material group IIIb is assumed to be used	—
2.10.4.3	Minimum creepage distances	(see appended table 2.10.3 and 2.10.4)	P

2.10.5	Solid insulation	See below.	P
2.10.5.1	General	See below.	P
2.10.5.2	Distances through insulation	(see appended table 2.10.5)	P
2.10.5.3	Insulating compound as solid insulation		N/A
2.10.5.4	Semiconductor devices	For optocouplers, see appended table 1.5.1.	P
2.10.5.5	Cemented joints		N/A
2.10.5.6	Thin sheet material – General		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
2.10.5.7	Separable thin sheet material	Reinforced insulation consists of min.two layers of material, each of which passes the electric strength test for reinforced insulation.	P
	Number of layers (pcs)..... :	Two layers of insulation tape wrapped around T1, including bottom of transformer core. Tested with 1 layer.	—
2.10.5.8	Non-separable thin sheet material	Not used.	N/A
2.10.5.9	Thin sheet material – standard test procedure		N/A
	Electric strength test		—
2.10.5.10	Thin sheet material – alternative test procedure		P
	Electric strength test	See appended table 5.2.	—
2.10.5.11	Insulation in wound components		P
2.10.5.12	Wire in wound components	Not used.	N/A
	Working voltage		N/A
	a) Basic insulation not under stress		N/A
	b) Basic, supplementary, reinforced insulation		N/A
	c) Compliance with Annex U		N/A
	Two wires in contact inside wound component; angle between 45° and 90°		N/A
2.10.5.13	Wire with solvent-based enamel in wound components	No wire with solvent-based enamel in wound components.	N/A
	Electric strength test		—
	Routine test		N/A
2.10.5.14	Additional insulation in wound components		P
	Working voltage	Ref. Annex C	P
	- Basic insulation not under stress		N/A
	- Supplementary, reinforced insulation	See 2.10.5.6.	P

2.10.6	Construction of printed boards		P
2.10.6.1	Uncoated printed boards	(see appended table 2.10.3 and 2.10.4)	P
2.10.6.2	Coated printed boards	No coated printed boards.	N/A
2.10.6.3	Insulation between conductors on the same inner surface of a printed board	No such parts.	N/A
2.10.6.4	Insulation between conductors on different layers of a printed board	No such parts.	N/A
	Distance through insulation		N/A
	Number of insulation layers (pcs)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
2.10.7	Component external terminations	Coatings not used over terminations to increase effective creepage and clearance distances.	N/A
2.10.8	Tests on coated printed boards and coated components		N/A
2.10.8.1	Sample preparation and preliminary inspection		N/A
2.10.8.2	Thermal conditioning		N/A
2.10.8.3	Electric strength test		N/A
2.10.8.4	Abrasion resistance test		N/A
2.10.9	Thermal cycling		N/A
2.10.10	Test for Pollution Degree 1 environment and insulating compound	For optocouplers, see appended table 1.5.1.	P
2.10.11	Tests for semiconductor devices and cemented joints	No such devices.	N/A
2.10.12	Enclosed and sealed parts	For optocouplers, see appended table 1.5.1.	P

3	WIRING, CONNECTIONS AND SUPPLY		P
3.1	General		P
3.1.1	Current rating and overcurrent protection	Adequate cross sectional areas for PCB traces.	P
3.1.2	Protection against mechanical damage		N/A
3.1.3	Securing of internal wiring	No internal wiring.	N/A
3.1.4	Insulation of conductors	No internal wiring.	N/A
3.1.5	Beads and ceramic insulators	No beads or similar ceramic insulators on conductors.	N/A
3.1.6	Screws for electrical contact pressure	No screws of insulating material used for electrical connection.	N/A
3.1.7	Insulating materials in electrical connections	No contact pressure through insulating material.	P
3.1.8	Self-tapping and spaced thread screws	No self-tapping or spaced thread screws used.	N/A
3.1.9	Termination of conductors	Consider for the quick connector. Terminations cannot become displaced so that clearances and creepage distances can be reduced.	P
	10 N pull test		P
3.1.10	Sleeving on wiring	No sleeving used.	N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
3.2	Connection to a mains supply		—
3.2.1	Means of connection	The equipment provides a quick-connector for power supply from supply mains. Connection to a mains supply shall be evaluated in the end-product.	—
3.2.1.1	Connection to an a.c. mains supply		—
3.2.1.2	Connection to a d.c. mains supply		N/A
3.2.2	Multiple supply connections		N/A
3.2.3	Permanently connected equipment		N/A
	Number of conductors, diameter of cable and conduits (mm)		—
3.2.4	Appliance inlets		N/A
3.2.5	Power supply cords	Building-in product and no power supply cord is provided. Shall be evaluated in the end product.	—
3.2.5.1	AC power supply cords		—
	Type		—
	Rated current (A), cross-sectional area (mm ²), AWG		—
3.2.5.2	DC power supply cords		N/A
3.2.6	Cord anchorages and strain relief	Building-in product and no power supply cord is provided. Shall be evaluated in the end product.	—
	Mass of equipment (kg), pull (N)		—
	Longitudinal displacement (mm)		—
3.2.7	Protection against mechanical damage	Building-in product and no power supply cord is provided. Shall be evaluated in the end product.	—
3.2.8	Cord guards	Building-in product and no power supply cord is provided. Shall be evaluated in the end product.	—
	Diameter or minor dimension D (mm); test mass (g)		—
	Radius of curvature of cord (mm)		—
3.2.9	Supply wiring space		—
3.3	Wiring terminals for connection of external conductors		—

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
3.3.1	Wiring terminals	The equipment provides a quick-connector for power supply from supply mains. Shall be evaluated in the end-product.	—
3.3.2	Connection of non-detachable power supply cords		—
3.3.3	Screw terminals		—
3.3.4	Conductor sizes to be connected		—
	Rated current (A), cord/cable type, cross-sectional area (mm ²)		—
3.3.5	Wiring terminal sizes		—
	Rated current (A), type, nominal thread diameter (mm)		—
3.3.6	Wiring terminal design		—
3.3.7	Grouping of wiring terminals		—
3.3.8	Stranded wire		—

3.4	Disconnection from the mains supply		—
3.4.1	General requirement		—
3.4.2	Disconnect devices	The equipment provides a quick-connector for power supply from supply mains. Compliance shall be evaluated with the end-product.	—
3.4.3	Permanently connected equipment		N/A
3.4.4	Parts which remain energized		—
3.4.5	Switches in flexible cords		—
3.4.6	Number of poles - single-phase and d.c. equipment		—
3.4.7	Number of poles - three-phase equipment		N/A
3.4.8	Switches as disconnect devices		—
3.4.9	Plugs as disconnect devices		—
3.4.10	Interconnected equipment		N/A
3.4.11	Multiple power sources		N/A

3.5	Interconnection of equipment		—
3.5.1	General requirements	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
3.5.2	Types of interconnection circuits		—
3.5.3	ELV circuits as interconnection circuits		—
3.5.4	Data ports for additional equipment		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4	PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS		P
4.1	Stability		N/A
	Angle of 10°	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	N/A
	Test force (N)		N/A

4.2	Mechanical strength		—
4.2.1	General		—
	Rack-mounted equipment.		N/A
4.2.2	Steady force test, 10 N	No hazard.	P
4.2.3	Steady force test, 30 N	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
4.2.4	Steady force test, 250 N	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
4.2.5	Impact test	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
	Fall test		—
	Swing test		—
4.2.6	Drop test; height (mm)	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
4.2.7	Stress relief test	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
4.2.8	Cathode ray tubes	No CRT.	N/A
	Picture tube separately certified		N/A
4.2.9	High pressure lamps	No such lamp.	N/A
4.2.10	Wall or ceiling mounted equipment; force (N)	Not wall or ceiling mounted equipment.	N/A

4.3	Design and construction		—
4.3.1	Edges and corners	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
4.3.2	Handles and manual controls; force (N)	No handles and controls.	N/A
4.3.3	Adjustable controls		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4.3.4	Securing of parts	No loosening of parts impairing creepage distances or clearances is likely to occur.	P
4.3.5	Connection by plugs and sockets	SELV connectors do not comply with IEC 60320 or IEC 60083.	P
4.3.6	Direct plug-in equipment	Not direct plug-in equipment	N/A
	Torque		—
	Compliance with the relevant mains plug standard		N/A
4.3.7	Heating elements in earthed equipment	No heating elements.	N/A
4.3.8	Batteries	No batteries.	N/A
	- Overcharging of a rechargeable battery		N/A
	- Unintentional charging of a non-rechargeable battery		N/A
	- Reverse charging of a rechargeable battery		N/A
	- Excessive discharging rate for any battery		N/A
4.3.9	Oil and grease	No oil and grease.	N/A
4.3.10	Dust, powders, liquids and gases	The equipment does not generate dust or use powders, and does not contain flammable liquids or gases.	N/A
4.3.11	Containers for liquids or gases	No containers for liquids or gases in the equipment.	N/A
4.3.12	Flammable liquids	The equipment does not contain flammable liquid.	N/A
	Quantity of liquid (l)		N/A
	Flash point (°C)		N/A
4.3.13	Radiation		N/A
4.3.13.1	General		N/A
4.3.13.2	Ionizing radiation		N/A
	Measured radiation (pA/kg)		—
	Measured high-voltage (kV)		—
	Measured focus voltage (kV)		—
	CRT markings		—
4.3.13.3	Effect of ultraviolet (UV) radiation on materials		N/A
	Part, property, retention after test, flammability classification		N/A
4.3.13.4	Human exposure to ultraviolet (UV) radiation		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4.3.13.5	Lasers (including laser diodes) and LEDs	Indicating LED is diffused type.	N/A
4.3.13.5.1	Lasers (including laser diodes)		N/A
	Laser class		—
4.3.13.5.2	Light emitting diodes (LEDs)		
4.3.13.6	Other types		N/A

4.4	Protection against hazardous moving parts		N/A
4.4.1	General	No moving parts.	N/A
4.4.2	Protection in operator access areas		N/A
	Household and home/office document/media shredders		N/A
4.4.3	Protection in restricted access locations		N/A
4.4.4	Protection in service access areas		N/A
4.4.5	Protection against moving fan blades		N/A
4.4.5.1	General		N/A
	Not considered to cause pain or injury. a).....		N/A
	Is considered to cause pain, not injury. b)		N/A
	Considered to cause injury. c)		N/A
4.4.5.2	Protection for users		N/A
	Use of symbol or warning		N/A
4.4.5.3	Protection for service persons		N/A
	Use of symbol or warning		N/A

4.5	Thermal requirements		—
4.5.1	General	Considered.	P
4.5.2	Temperature tests	(see appended table 4.5)	P
	Normal load condition per Annex L	Rated load with continuous operation.	—
4.5.3	Temperature limits for materials	(see appended table 4.5)	P
4.5.4	Touch temperature limits	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
4.5.5	Resistance to abnormal heat	(see appended table 4.5.5)	P

4.6	Openings in enclosures		—
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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4.6.1	Top and side openings	Building-in equipment; Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
	Dimensions (mm) :		—
4.6.2	Bottoms of fire enclosures		—
	Construction of the bottom, dimensions (mm) .. :		—
4.6.3	Doors or covers in fire enclosures		—
4.6.4	Openings in transportable equipment		—
4.6.4.1	Constructional design measures		—
	Dimensions (mm) :		—
4.6.4.2	Evaluation measures for larger openings		—
4.6.4.3	Use of metallized parts		—
4.6.5	Adhesives for constructional purposes		—
	Conditioning temperature (°C), time (weeks)..... :		—
4.7	Resistance to fire		—
4.7.1	Reducing the risk of ignition and spread of flame	Method 1 is used.	P
	Method 1, selection and application of components wiring and materials	(See appended table 1.5.1)	P
	Method 2, application of all of simulated fault condition tests		N/A
4.7.2	Conditions for a fire enclosure	The fire enclosure is required to cover all parts. Shall evaluate in the end equipment.	—
4.7.2.1	Parts requiring a fire enclosure		—
4.7.2.2	Parts not requiring a fire enclosure		—
4.7.3	Materials		—
4.7.3.1	General		—
4.7.3.2	Materials for fire enclosures		—
4.7.3.3	Materials for components and other parts outside fire enclosures		—
4.7.3.4	Materials for components and other parts inside fire enclosures	All materials are minimum V-2 material.	P
4.7.3.5	Materials for air filter assemblies	No air filters in the equipment.	N/A
4.7.3.6	Materials used in high-voltage components	No parts exceeding 4kV.	N/A
5	ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS AND SIMULATED ABNORMAL CONDITIONS		P
5.1	Touch current and protective conductor current		P
5.1.1	General	Test conducted in accordance with 5.1.2 to 5.1.7.	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
5.1.2	Configuration of equipment under test (EUT)	No interconnection of equipment or multiple power sources.	N/A
5.1.2.1	Single connection to an a.c. mains supply		N/A
5.1.2.2	Redundant multiple connections to an a.c. mains supply		N/A
5.1.2.3	Simultaneous multiple connections to an a.c. mains supply		N/A
5.1.3	Test circuit	Tested for connection to IT power distribution system (also relevant for TN or TT power distribution system).	P
5.1.4	Application of measuring instrument	Measuring instrument D1 is used.	P
5.1.5	Test procedure		P
5.1.6	Test measurements		P
	Supply voltage (V)	(see appended table 5.1)	—
	Measured touch current (mA)	(see appended table 5.1)	—
	Max. allowed touch current (mA)	(see appended table 5.1)	—
	Measured protective conductor current (mA)	N/A	—
	Max. allowed protective conductor current (mA) ...	N/A	—
5.1.7	Equipment with touch current exceeding 3,5 mA	Not exceed 3.5mA	N/A
5.1.7.1	General		N/A
5.1.7.2	Simultaneous multiple connections to the supply		N/A
5.1.8	Touch currents to telecommunication networks and cable distribution systems and from telecommunication networks	No TNV circuitry.	N/A
5.1.8.1	Limitation of the touch current to a telecommunication network or to a cable distribution system		N/A
	Supply voltage (V)		—
	Measured touch current (mA)		—
	Max. allowed touch current (mA)		—
5.1.8.2	Summation of touch currents from telecommunication networks		N/A
	a) EUT with earthed telecommunication ports		N/A
	b) EUT whose telecommunication ports have no reference to protective earth		N/A
5.2	Electric strength		P
5.2.1	General	(see appended table 5.2)	P
5.2.2	Test procedure		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

5.3	Abnormal operating and fault conditions		P
5.3.1	Protection against overload and abnormal operation	(see appended table 5.3)	P
5.3.2	Motors	No motor.	N/A
5.3.3	Transformers	See Annex C and appended table C.2.	P
5.3.4	Functional insulation.....:	Complies with a) and c).	P
5.3.5	Electromechanical components	No such components.	N/A
5.3.6	Audio amplifiers in ITE	No amplifier.	N/A
5.3.7	Simulation of faults	(see appended table 5.3)	N/A
5.3.8	Unattended equipment	No thermostats, temperature limiters and thermal cut-outs, or having a capacitor not protected by a fuse or the like connected in parallel with the contacts.	N/A
5.3.9	Compliance criteria for abnormal operating and fault conditions	Refer below:	P
5.3.9.1	During the tests	No fire or molten metal occurred and no deformation of enclosure during the tests.	P
5.3.9.2	After the tests	No reduction of clearance and creepage distances. Electric strength test is made on basic, supplementary and reinforced insulation.	P

6	CONNECTION TO TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS		N/A
6.1	Protection of telecommunication network service persons, and users of other equipment connected to the network, from hazards in the equipment		N/A
6.1.1	Protection from hazardous voltages		N/A
6.1.2	Separation of the telecommunication network from earth		N/A
6.1.2.1	Requirements	No TNV circuits in the equipment.	N/A
	Supply voltage (V)		—
	Current in the test circuit (mA)		—
6.1.2.2	Exclusions		N/A

6.2	Protection of equipment users from overvoltages on telecommunication networks		N/A
6.2.1	Separation requirements		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
6.2.2	Electric strength test procedure		N/A
6.2.2.1	Impulse test		N/A
6.2.2.2	Steady-state test		N/A
6.2.2.3	Compliance criteria		N/A

6.3	Protection of the telecommunication wiring system from overheating		N/A
	Max. output current (A)		—
	Current limiting method		—

7	CONNECTION TO CABLE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS		N/A
7.1	General	Not connected to cable distribution systems.	N/A
7.2	Protection of cable distribution system service persons, and users of other equipment connected to the system, from hazardous voltages in the equipment		N/A
7.3	Protection of equipment users from overvoltages on the cable distribution system		N/A
7.4	Insulation between primary circuits and cable distribution systems		N/A
7.4.1	General		N/A
7.4.2	Voltage surge test		N/A
7.4.3	Impulse test		N/A

A	ANNEX A, TESTS FOR RESISTANCE TO HEAT AND FIRE		N/A
A.1	Flammability test for fire enclosures of movable equipment having a total mass exceeding 18 kg, and of stationary equipment (see 4.7.3.2)		N/A
A.1.1	Samples		—
	Wall thickness (mm)		—
A.1.2	Conditioning of samples; temperature (°C)		N/A
A.1.3	Mounting of samples		N/A
A.1.4	Test flame (see IEC 60695-11-3)		N/A
	Flame A, B, C or D		—
A.1.5	Test procedure		N/A
A.1.6	Compliance criteria		N/A
	Sample 1 burning time (s)		—
	Sample 2 burning time (s)		—
	Sample 3 burning time (s)		—

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
A.2	Flammability test for fire enclosures of movable equipment having a total mass not exceeding 18 kg, and for material and components located inside fire enclosures (see 4.7.3.2 and 4.7.3.4)		N/A
A.2.1	Samples, material		—
	Wall thickness (mm)		—
A.2.2	Conditioning of samples; temperature (°C)		N/A
A.2.3	Mounting of samples		N/A
A.2.4	Test flame (see IEC 60695-11-4)		N/A
	Flame A, B or C		—
A.2.5	Test procedure		N/A
A.2.6	Compliance criteria		N/A
	Sample 1 burning time (s)		—
	Sample 2 burning time (s)		—
	Sample 3 burning time (s)		—
A.2.7	Alternative test acc. to IEC 60695-11-5, cl. 5 and 9		N/A
	Sample 1 burning time (s)		—
	Sample 2 burning time (s)		—
	Sample 3 burning time (s)		—
A.3	Hot flaming oil test (see 4.6.2)		N/A
A.3.1	Mounting of samples		N/A
A.3.2	Test procedure		N/A
A.3.3	Compliance criterion		N/A
B	ANNEX B, MOTOR TESTS UNDER ABNORMAL CONDITIONS (see 4.7.2.2 and 5.3.2)		N/A
B.1	General requirements		N/A
	Position		—
	Manufacturer		—
	Type		—
	Rated values		—
B.2	Test conditions		N/A
B.3	Maximum temperatures		N/A
B.4	Running overload test		N/A
B.5	Locked-rotor overload test		N/A
	Test duration (days)		—
	Electric strength test: test voltage (V)		—
B.6	Running overload test for d.c. motors in secondary circuits		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
B.6.1	General		N/A
B.6.2	Test procedure		N/A
B.6.3	Alternative test procedure		N/A
B.6.4	Electric strength test; test voltage (V)		N/A
B.7	Locked-rotor overload test for d.c. motors in secondary circuits		N/A
B.7.1	General		N/A
B.7.2	Test procedure		N/A
B.7.3	Alternative test procedure		N/A
B.7.4	Electric strength test; test voltage (V)		N/A
B.8	Test for motors with capacitors		N/A
B.9	Test for three-phase motors		N/A
B.10	Test for series motors		N/A
	Operating voltage (V)		—

C	ANNEX C, TRANSFORMERS (see 1.5.4 and 5.3.3)		P
	Position	Primary to secondary.	—
	Manufacturer	Refer to appended table 1.5.1	—
	Type	Refer to appended table 1.5.1	—
	Rated values	Refer to appended table 1.5.1	—
	Method of protection	Inherent protection.	—
C.1	Overload test	(see appended table 5.3)	P
C.2	Insulation	The insulation fulfils the requirements in 2.10 and relevant test for 5.2.2. (see appended table 5.2)	P
	Protection from displacement of windings.....	Secured to the soldering pins with wrapping.	P

D	ANNEX D, MEASURING INSTRUMENTS FOR TOUCH-CURRENT TESTS (see 5.1.4)		P
D.1	Measuring instrument	Figure D.1 used.	P
D.2	Alternative measuring instrument		N/A

E	ANNEX E, TEMPERATURE RISE OF A WINDING (see 1.4.13)		N/A
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F	ANNEX F, MEASUREMENT OF CLEARANCES AND CREEPAGE DISTANCES (see 2.10 and Annex G)		P
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IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
G	ANNEX G, ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR DETERMINING MINIMUM CLEARANCES		N/A
G.1	Clearances		N/A
G.1.1	General		N/A
G.1.2	Summary of the procedure for determining minimum clearances		N/A
G.2	Determination of mains transient voltage (V)		N/A
G.2.1	AC mains supply		N/A
G.2.2	Earthed d.c. mains supplies		N/A
G.2.3	Unearthed d.c. mains supplies		N/A
G.2.4	Battery operation		N/A
G.3	Determination of telecommunication network transient voltage (V)		N/A
G.4	Determination of required withstand voltage (V)		N/A
G.4.1	Mains transients and internal repetitive peaks		N/A
G.4.2	Transients from telecommunication networks		N/A
G.4.3	Combination of transients		N/A
G.4.4	Transients from cable distribution systems		N/A
G.5	Measurement of transient voltages (V)		N/A
	a) Transients from a mains supply		N/A
	For an a.c. mains supply		N/A
	For a d.c. mains supply		N/A
	b) Transients from a telecommunication network		N/A
G.6	Determination of minimum clearances		N/A
H	ANNEX H, IONIZING RADIATION (see 4.3.13)		N/A
J	ANNEX J, TABLE OF ELECTROCHEMICAL POTENTIALS (see 2.6.5.6)		N/A
	Metal(s) used		—
K	ANNEX K, THERMAL CONTROLS (see 1.5.3 and 5.3.8)		N/A
K.1	Making and breaking capacity		N/A
K.2	Thermostat reliability; operating voltage (V)		N/A
K.3	Thermostat endurance test; operating voltage (V)		N/A
K.4	Temperature limiter endurance; operating voltage (V)		N/A
K.5	Thermal cut-out reliability		N/A
K.6	Stability of operation		N/A

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
L	ANNEX L, NORMAL LOAD CONDITIONS FOR SOME TYPES OF ELECTRICAL BUSINESS EQUIPMENT (see 1.2.2.1 and 4.5.2)		P
L.1	Typewriters		N/A
L.2	Adding machines and cash registers		N/A
L.3	Erasers		N/A
L.4	Pencil sharpeners		N/A
L.5	Duplicators and copy machines		N/A
L.6	Motor-operated files		N/A
L.7	Other business equipment	See operating condition in General Product Information.	P
M	ANNEX M, CRITERIA FOR TELEPHONE RINGING SIGNALS (see 2.3.1)		N/A
M.1	Introduction		N/A
M.2	Method A		N/A
M.3	Method B		N/A
M.3.1	Ringing signal		N/A
M.3.1.1	Frequency (Hz)		—
M.3.1.2	Voltage (V)		—
M.3.1.3	Cadence; time (s), voltage (V)		—
M.3.1.4	Single fault current (mA)		—
M.3.2	Tripping device and monitoring voltage		N/A
M.3.2.1	Conditions for use of a tripping device or a monitoring voltage		N/A
M.3.2.2	Tripping device		N/A
M.3.2.3	Monitoring voltage (V)		N/A
N	ANNEX N, IMPULSE TEST GENERATORS (see 1.5.7.2, 1.5.7.3, 2.10.3.9, 6.2.2.1, 7.3.2, 7.4.3 and Clause G.5)		N/A
N.1	ITU-T impulse test generators		N/A
N.2	IEC 60065 impulse test generator		N/A
P	ANNEX P, NORMATIVE REFERENCES		—
Q	ANNEX Q, Voltage dependent resistors (VDRs) (see 1.5.9.1)		P
	- Preferred climatic categories		P
	- Maximum continuous voltage		P
	- Combination pulse current		P
	Body of the VDR Test according to IEC60695-11-5.....		P

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Body of the VDR. Flammability class of material (min V-1).....:		P
R	ANNEX R, EXAMPLES OF REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAMMES		N/A
R.1	Minimum separation distances for unpopulated coated printed boards (see 2.10.6.2)		N/A
R.2	Reduced clearances (see 2.10.3)		N/A
S	ANNEX S, PROCEDURE FOR IMPULSE TESTING (see 6.2.2.3)		N/A
S.1	Test equipment		N/A
S.2	Test procedure		N/A
S.3	Examples of waveforms during impulse testing		N/A
T	ANNEX T, GUIDANCE ON PROTECTION AGAINST INGRESS OF WATER (see 1.1.2)		N/A
			—
U	ANNEX U, INSULATED WINDING WIRES FOR USE WITHOUT INTERLEAVED INSULATION (see 2.10.5.4)		N/A
			—
V	ANNEX V, AC POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS (see 1.6.1)		P
V.1	Introduction		P
V.2	TN power distribution systems		P
W	ANNEX W, SUMMATION OF TOUCH CURRENTS		N/A
W.1	Touch current from electronic circuits		N/A
W.1.1	Floating circuits		N/A
W.1.2	Earthed circuits		N/A
W.2	Interconnection of several equipments		N/A
W.2.1	Isolation		N/A
W.2.2	Common return, isolated from earth		N/A
W.2.3	Common return, connected to protective earth		N/A
X	ANNEX X, MAXIMUM HEATING EFFECT IN TRANSFORMER TESTS (see clause C.1)		P
X.1	Determination of maximum input current		P
X.2	Overload test procedure		P

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
Y	ANNEX Y, ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT CONDITIONING TEST (see 4.3.13.3)		N/A
Y.1	Test apparatus		N/A
Y.2	Mounting of test samples		N/A
Y.3	Carbon-arc light-exposure apparatus		N/A
Y.4	Xenon-arc light exposure apparatus		N/A
Z	ANNEX Z, OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORIES (see 2.10.3.2 and Clause G.2)		P
AA	ANNEX AA, MANDREL TEST (see 2.10.5.8)		N/A
BB	ANNEX BB, CHANGES IN THE SECOND EDITION		—
CC	ANNEX CC, Evaluation of integrated circuit (IC) current limiters		N/A
CC.1	General		N/A
CC.2	Test program 1.....		N/A
CC.3	Test program 2.....		N/A
CC.4	Test program 3.....		N/A
CC.5	Compliance.....		N/A
DD	ANNEX DD, Requirements for the mounting means of rack-mounted equipment		N/A
DD.1	General		N/A
DD.2	Mechanical strength test, variable N.....		N/A
DD.3	Mechanical strength test, 250N, including end stops.....		N/A
DD.4	Compliance.....		N/A
EE	ANNEX EE, Household and home/office document/media shredders		N/A
EE.1	General		N/A
EE.2	Markings and instructions		N/A
	Use of markings or symbols.....		N/A
	Information of user instructions, maintenance and/or servicing instructions.....		N/A
EE.3	Inadvertent reactivation test.....		N/A
EE.4	Disconnection of power to hazardous moving parts:		N/A
	Use of markings or symbols.....		N/A
EE.5	Protection against hazardous moving parts		N/A
	Test with test finger (Figure 2A)		N/A

IEC 60950-1			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Test with wedge probe (Figure EE1 and EE2)		N/A

1.5.1	TABLE: List of critical components					P
Object/part No.	Manufacturer/ trademark	Type/model	Technical data	Standard (Edition/Year)	Mark(s) of conformity ¹⁾	
Input connector (CN1)	JOINT TECH ELECTRONIC	A7920WV	Min250V, Min5A, 85°C	UL 1977 IEC/EN 60950-1	UL Tested in appliance	
PCB material	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	Min. flame class V-1 or better, min. 105°C materials	UL 796	UL	
Fuse (F1) (F2, optional)	Conquer	MST	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Conquer	PDU	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Ever Island	2010	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Save Fusetech	SS-5	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Bel Fuse	RST	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Hollyland	5ET	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Walter	ICP	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Das & Sons	385 T Serie(s)	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Littelfuse	392	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Lanson	SMT	T1AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Fuse (F1) (F2, optional)	Conquer	MST	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Conquer	PDU	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Ever Island	2010	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Save Fusetech	SS-5	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Bel Fuse	RST	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Hollyland	5ET	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Walter	ICP	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Das & Sons	385 T Serie(s)	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Littelfuse	392	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Alternative	Lanson	SMT	T2AL, 250V	EN 60127-3 UL 248	VDE, UL	
Bleed resistor, after fuse (RA, RB)	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	Max 1MΩ, Min 1/8W	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment	

Object/part No.	Manufacturer/ trademark	Type/model	Technical data	Standard (Edition/Year)	Mark(s) of conformity ¹⁾
Varistor, after fuse (MOV1) (optional) 2)3)	Joyin	10N471K, 14N471K	300Vac, 40/85/56 The coating is V- 0	IEC 61051-2 IEC 60950-1 Annex Q UL 1449	VDE UL
Alternative	Centra	10D471K, 14D471K	300Vac, 40/85/56 The coating is V- 0		VDE UL
Alternative	Thinking Electronic	TVR14471K	300Vac, 40/85/56 The coating is V- 0		VDE UL
Alternative	Success Electronics Co Ltd	SVR-10D471K SVR-14D471K	300Vac, 40/85/21 The coating is V- 0		VDE UL
Alternative	Brightking	14D471K 10D471K	300Vac, 40/85/56 The coating is V- 0		VDE UL
Alternative	Lien Shun	14D471K	300Vac, 40/85/56 The coating is V- 0		VDE UL
Alternative	Ceramate	GNR10D471K, GNR14D471K	300Vac, 40/85/21 The coating is V- 0		VDE UL
Alternative	New Future	10D471K, 14D471K	300Vac, 40/85/21 The coating is V- 0		VDE UL
X cap (CX1) optional	Cheng Tung	CTX	Max 0.47µF, Min 250Vac Min 100°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Ultra Tech	HQX	Max 0.47µF, Min 250Vac Min 100°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Dain	MPX, NPX	Max 0.47µF, Min 250Vac Min 100°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Tenta	MEX	Max 0.47µF, Min 250Vac Min 100°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Welson	WD	Max 0.47µF, Min 250Vac 125°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL

Object/part No.	Manufacturer/ trademark	Type/model	Technical data	Standard (Edition/Year)	Mark(s) of conformity ¹⁾
Alternative	Murata	KH	Max 0.47 μ F, Min 250Vac 125°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Walsin	AC	Max 0.47 μ F, Min 250Vac 125°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	HongZhi	MPX	Max 0.47 μ F, Min 250Vac 125°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Sinhua Electronics	MPX	Max 0.47 μ F, Min 250Vac 100°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Jiangsu Xinghua Huayu	MPX	Max 0.47 μ F, Min 250Vac 100°C (Min X2)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Line choke (NF1)	/ GlobTek/BOAM/ HaoPuWei	NF00009B 4)	130°C	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Bobbin	Chang Chun Plastics	T373J, T375J, T375HF	Phenolic, 150°C, V-0	UL 94	UL
Alternative	Sumitomo	PM-9820	Phenolic, 150°C, V-0	UL 94	UL
Bridge diode (BD1)	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	Min 1A, min 400V	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Bulk Capacitor (C1)	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	Max. 47 μ F Min 400V 105°C	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Bridging cap (CY1) (optional)	TDK	CD	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Walsin	AH	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Jya-Nay	JN	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Murata	KX	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Success	SE, SB	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL

Object/part No.	Manufacturer/ trademark	Type/model	Technical data	Standard (Edition/Year)	Mark(s) of conformity ¹⁾
Alternative	Welson	WD	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Haohua Electronic	CT7	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	JERRO ELECTRONICS	JX- series	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 105°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Alternative	Hongzhi	Y	Max 3.3nF Min 250Vac Min 85°C (Y1)	IEC 60384-14 , UL 60384-14	VDE, UL
Optocoupler (PC1)	Lite-on	LTV-817	See appendix opto elec. Min 100°C	UL 1577 EN 60747-5-2 EN 60950-1	FI
Alternative	Sharp	PC123, PC1231	See appendix opto elec. Min 100°C		FI
Alternative	Everlight	EL817	See appendix opto elec. Min 100°C		FI
Alternative	Toshiba	TLP721	See appendix opto elec. Min 100°C		FI
Alternative	Cosmo	K1010, KP1010	See appendix opto elec. Min 100°C		FI
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 3-5.9V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00290 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 6-6.9V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00290A 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 7- 11.9V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00328 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 12- 15.9V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00291 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 16- 19.9V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00318 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment

Object/part No.	Manufacturer/ trademark	Type/model	Technical data	Standard (Edition/Year)	Mark(s) of conformity ¹⁾
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 20- 23.9V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00295 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 24- 27.9V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00230 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Transformer (T1, for models with output voltage 28- 30V)	/GlobTek/HE JIA/BOAM/ HaoPuWei / Yao Sheng 6)	XF00292 5)	Class B	IEC 60950-1	Test in equipment
Transformer Bobbin	Sumitomo Chang Chun Plastic	PM-9820 T-375J, T373J T375HF	Phenolic, 150°C, V-0	UL 94	UL
Insulation tape	3M	1350F(#) 1350T-1	130°C 130°C	UL 510 UL 510	UL UL
Alternative	Bondtec Pacific	44, 370S	130°C	UL 510	UL
Alternative	Symbio	35660Y	130°C	UL 510	UL
Alternative	Jingjiang Yahua	CT, PZ, WF	130°C	UL 510	UL
Alternative	Jingjiang Jingyi	JY25-A	130°C	UL 510	UL
supplementary information:					
¹⁾ an asterisk indicates a mark which assures the agreed level of surveillance. 2) Varistor was tested additionally with IEC 60950-1:2005 (Annex Q) during the approval to IEC 61051-2. 3) Varistor is for SPD Type 3 SPD application. 4) NF1 from ENG/ GlobTek/ BOAM/ HaoPuWei have the identical construction. 5) All types of T1 have the identical construction, differ only in secondary windings. 6) The transformers of the same type from manufacturers ENG/GlobTek/HEJIA/BOAM / HaoPuWei /Yao Sheng have the identical construction.					

1.5.1	TABLE: Opto Electronic Devices	P
Manufacturer	Lite-on / Everlight / Sharp / Sharp / Toshiba / Cosmo / Cosmo	
Type.....	LTV-817 / EL817 / PC123 / PC1231 / TLP721 / K1010 / KP1010	
Separately tested.....	FI	
Bridging insulation	Reinforced insulation	
External creepage distance	7.8mm / 8.3mm / 8mm / 8mm / 8mm / 8mm / 8mm	
Internal creepage distance	5.2mm / 4.0mm / 5mm / 4mm / >4mm / 5.3mm / 5.3mm	
Distance through insulation	0.8mm / 0.6mm / 0.7mm / >0.4mm / 0.8mm / 0.5mm / 0.5mm	
Tested under the following conditions	Reinforced insulation	
Input.....		
Output.....		
Supplementary information:		

1.6.2		TABLE: electrical data (in normal conditions)					P
fuse #	Irated (A)	U (V) / F (Hz)	P (W)	I (A)	Ifuse (A)	condition/status	
GT-41060-1505-FW							
F1	—	90V 50Hz	20.0	0.39	0.39	See General Product Information.	
F1	—	90V 60Hz	20.0	0.40	0.40		
F1	0.6	100V 50Hz	19.8	0.36	0.36		
F1	0.6	100V 60Hz	19.8	0.37	0.37		
F1	0.6	240V 50Hz	19.9	0.18	0.18		
F1	0.6	240V 60Hz	19.9	0.18	0.18		
F1	—	264V 50Hz	20.2	0.17	0.17		
F1	—	264V 60Hz	20.2	0.17	0.17		
GT-41060-2530-FW							
F1	—	90V 50Hz	30.4	0.57	0.57	See General Product Information.	
F1	—	90V 60Hz	30.4	0.57	0.57		
F1	0.6	100V 50Hz	30.1	0.53	0.53		
F1	0.6	100V 60Hz	30.1	0.53	0.53		
F1	0.6	240V 50Hz	30.2	0.26	0.26		
F1	0.6	240V 60Hz	30.2	0.26	0.26		
F1	—	264V 50Hz	30.1	0.24	0.24		
F1	—	264V 60Hz	30.2	0.24	0.24		
Supplementary information:							

2.1.1.5 c1)	TABLE: max. V, A, VA test				P
Voltage (rated) (V)	Current (rated) (A)	Voltage (max.) (V)	Current (max.) (A)	VA (max.) (VA)	
GT-41060-1505-FW					
5	3.00	5.1	3.37	16.9	
GT-41060-2530-FW					
30	0.833	30.0	1.70	50.8	
Supplementary information:					
The above measurements are the maximum values (max. V and max. A not obtained at the same time).					

2.1.1.5 c) 2)	TABLE: stored energy		N/A
Capacitance C (μF)	Voltage U (V)	Energy E (J)	
supplementary information:			

2.2	TABLE: evaluation of voltage limiting components in SELV circuits			P
Component (measured between)		max. voltage (V) (normal operation)		Voltage Limiting Components
		V peak	V d.c.	
GT-41060-1505-FW				
T1 pin 5-6		30.8		
GT-41060-2530-FW				
T1 pin 5-6		102		
T1 pin 5-6 after D4			31.6	D4
Fault test performed on voltage limiting components		Voltage measured (V) in SELV circuits (V peak or V d.c.)		
GT-41060-2530				
T1 pin 5-6 after D4 (D4 s-c)		0		
Supplementary information:				
s-c: short circuit				

2.4	TABLE: Limited current circuits				P
Location		Voltage (V)	Current (mA)	Freq. (kHz)	Limit (mA)
CY1		37.4	18.7	52.7	36.9
supplementary information:					
Tested at 264V 60Hz Bridging cap CY1: 3.3nF					

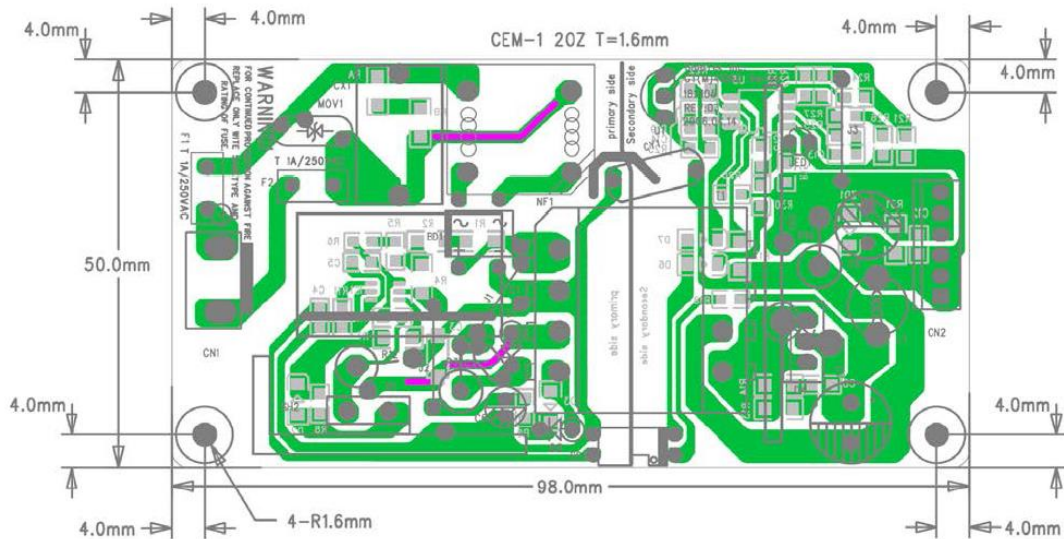
2.5	TABLE: limited power sources				P
		Isc (A)		VA	
		Meas.	Limit	Meas.	Limit
GT-41060-1505-FW					
Output (Uoc=5.1V)		3.37	8.0	16.9	100
U1 pin1,3-2 s-c 1)		0	8.0	0	100
R26 s-c 1)		0	8.0	0	100
GT-41060-2530-FW					
Output (Uoc=30.0V)		1.70	8.0	50.8	100
U1 pin1,3-2 s-c 1)		0	8.0	0	100
R26 s-c 1)		0	8.0	0	100
Supplementary information:					
1) Unit shut down					

2.10.2	Table: working voltage measurement			P
Location		RMS voltage (V)	Peak voltage (V)	Comments
GT-41060-1505-FW				
T1 pin 1-5	195	360	--	
T1 pin 1-6	195	332	--	
T1 pin 2-5	201	332	--	
T1 pin 2-6	200	328	--	
T1 pin 3-5	230	470	--	
T1 pin 3-6	236	472	--	
T1 pin 4-5	201	320	--	
T1 pin 4-6	203	312	--	
PC1 pin 1-3	203	334	--	
PC1 pin 1-4	201	334	--	
PC1 pin 2-3	201	332	--	
PC1 pin 2-4	202	334	--	
CY1	200	328	--	
GT-41060-2530-FW				
T1 pin 1-5	204	512	--	
T1 pin 1-6	194	332	--	
T1 pin 2-5	209	358	--	
T1 pin 2-6	199	328	--	
T1 pin 3-5	211	452	--	
T1 pin 3-6	247	442	--	
T1 pin 4-5	201	344	--	
T1 pin 4-6	201	312	--	
PC1 pin 1-3	220	360	--	
PC1 pin 1-4	219	356	--	
PC1 pin 2-3	217	356	--	
PC1 pin 2-4	219	356	--	
CY1	198	328	--	
Supplementary information:				

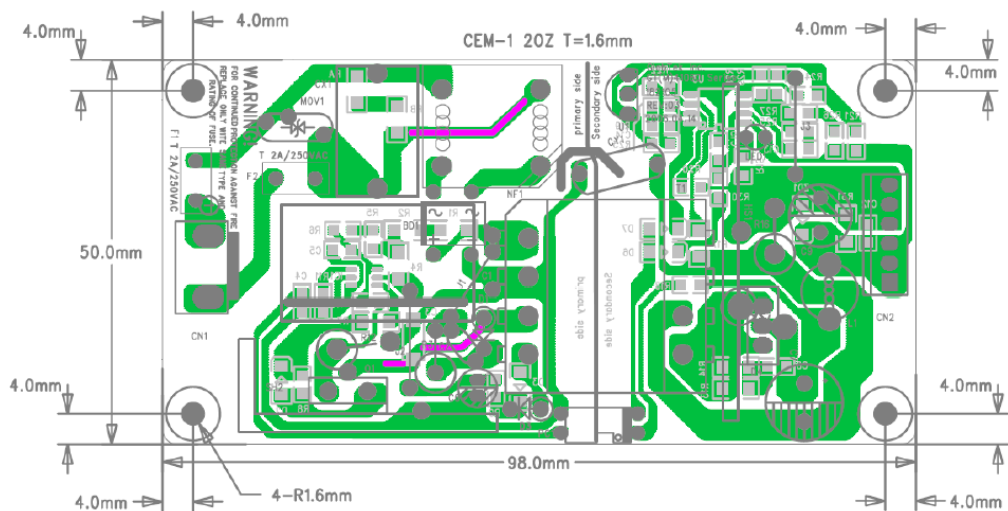
2.10.3 and 2.10.4	TABLE: Clearance and creepage distance measurements					P
Clearance (cl) and creepage distance (cr) at/of/between:	U peak (V)	U r.m.s. (V)	Required cl (mm) ¹⁾	cl (mm)	Required cr (mm)	cr (mm)
Functional: L – N before fuse F1	340	240	2.0	2.6	2.5	3.0
Functional: Fuse F1 pin1-2	340	240	2.0	2.8	2.5	2.8
Functional: Fuse F2 pin1-2	340	240	2.0	2.8	2.5	2.8
Reinforced: NF1 – U1	340	240	5.2	7.0	5.2	7.0
Reinforced: CY1 pin1-2	340	240	5.2	7.8	5.2	7.8
Reinforced: T1 pin2 – D6	512	247	5.7	9.5	5.7	9.5
Reinforced: PC1 pri-sec	360	240	5.2	8.0	5.2	8.0
Reinforced: NF1 – U1 (component side)	340	240	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Basic: Primary NF1 – T1 core (component side)	512	247	2.9	6.0	2.9	6.4
Supplementary: T1 core – Secondary D4 (component side)	512	247	2.9	6.0	2.9	6.4
Supplementary information:						
All models have the same PCB layout. Two layers of insulation tape wrapped around T1 core. 10N applied to secondary components U1, C7 and C9.						
¹⁾ The equipment used at elevations < 3500m. Required clearance is 1.29 times under IEC60664-1 considering sea level 3500m.						

PCB layout

For 1A fuse rating.



For 2A fuse rating.



2.10.5	TABLE: distance through insulation measurements				P
distance through insulation di at/of:		Up (V)	test voltage (V)	required di (mm)	di (mm)
Bobbin of T1		512	3000Vac	0.4	0.4
Supplementary information:					
Considered all source of insulation sheet, Heat shrinkable tubing and insulation tape.					

4.3.8	TABLE: Batteries								N/A
The tests of 4.3.8 are applicable only when appropriate battery data is not available									
Is it possible to install the battery in a reverse polarity position?									
	Non-rechargeable batteries			Rechargeable batteries					
	Discharging		Un-intentional charging	Charging		Discharging		Reversed charging	
	Meas. current	Manuf. Specs.		Meas. current	Manuf. Specs.	Meas. current	Manuf. Specs.	Meas. current	Manuf. Specs.
Max. current during normal condition									
Max. current during fault condition									
Test results:									Verdict
- Chemical leaks									
- Explosion of the battery									
- Emission of flame or expulsion of molten metal									
- Electric strength tests of equipment after completion of tests									
Supplementary information:									

4.3.8	TABLE: Batteries	N/A
Battery category..... : (Lithium, NiMh, NiCad, Lithium Ion ...) Manufacturer : Type / model..... : Voltage..... : Capacity..... : mAh Tested and Certified by (incl. Ref. No.) : Circuit protection diagram: 		

MARKINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS (1.7.13)	
Location of replaceable battery	
Language(s):	
Close to the battery:	
In the servicing instructions:	
In the operating instructions:	

4.5	TABLE: Thermal requirements						P	
	Supply voltage (V):		90V, 60Hz	264V, 50Hz	—	—	—	
	Ambient T _{amb1} (°C)		40.0	40.0	—	—	—	
	Ambient T _{amb2} (°C)		40.0	40.0	—	—	—	
Maximum measured temperature T of part/at::			T (°C)				Allowed T _{max} (°C)	
GT-41060-1505-FW								
Connector CN1			48.7	46.2	—	—	85	
CX1			53.5	51.9	—	—	100	
NF1 coil			66.2	56.1	—	—	120 *)	
NF1 core			63.4	54.0	—	—	120 *)	
C1			67.9	64.0	—	—	105	
PCB under C1			70.5	74.4	—	—	105	
Heat sink SH2			64.8	71.1	—	—	—	
T1 coil			71.6	73.2	—	—	110 *)	
T1 core			76.2	77.1	—	—	110 *)	
PCB under T1			63.6	65.4	—	—	105	
PC1			64.0	64.9	—	—	100	
CY1			63.8	63.2	—	—	85	
Temperature T of winding:		t ₁ (°C)	R ₁ (Ω)	t ₂ (°C)	R ₂ (Ω)	T (°C)	Allowed T _{max} (°C)	Insulation class
No 'Rise of Resistance' measurements.								
Supplementary information:								
Tma: 40°C. If no limit is provided, then the monitored location temperature result is for information only. *) Temperature limits were reduced 10°C, for line choke and transformer windings monitored by thermocouple method.								

4.5	TABLE: Thermal requirements						P	
	Supply voltage (V):	90V, 60Hz	264V, 60Hz	—	—	—		
	Ambient T _{amb1} (°C):	40.0	40.0	—	—	—		
	Ambient T _{amb2} (°C):	40.0	40.0	—	—	—		
Maximum measured temperature T of part/at::		T (°C)				Allowed T _{max} (°C)		
GT-41060-2530-FW								
Connector CN1		49.7	47.1	—	—	85		
CX1		60.2	54.2	—	—	100		
NF1 coil		84.4	61.8	—	—	120 *)		
NF1 core		79.7	60.1	—	—	120 *)		
C1		78.0	68.4	—	—	105		
PCB under C1		75.0	67.0	—	—	105		
Heat sink SH2		72.0	80.1	—	—	--		
T1 coil		88.7	90.4	—	—	110 *)		
T1 core		84.7	86.9	—	—	110 *)		
PCB under T1		67.1	66.4	—	—	105		
PC1		66.5	67.3	—	—	100		
CY1		68.8	66.4	—	—	85		
Temperature T of winding:		t ₁ (°C)	R ₁ (Ω)	t ₂ (°C)	R ₂ (Ω)	T (°C)	Allowed T _{max} (°C)	Insulation class
No 'Rise of Resistance' measurements.								
Supplementary information:								
Tma: 40°C. If no limit is provided, then the monitored location temperature result is for information only. *) Temperature limits were reduced 10°C, for line choke and transformer windings monitored by thermocouple method.								

4.5.5	TABLE: Ball pressure test of thermoplastic parts			P
	Allowed impression diameter (mm)	≤ 2 mm		—
Part		Test temperature (°C)	Impression diameter (mm)	
Connector CN1		125	0.9	
Supplementary information:				

4.7	TABLE: Resistance to fire					N/A
Part		Manufacturer of material	Type of material	Thickness (mm)	Flammability class	Evidence
Supplementary information: see appended table 1.5.1.						

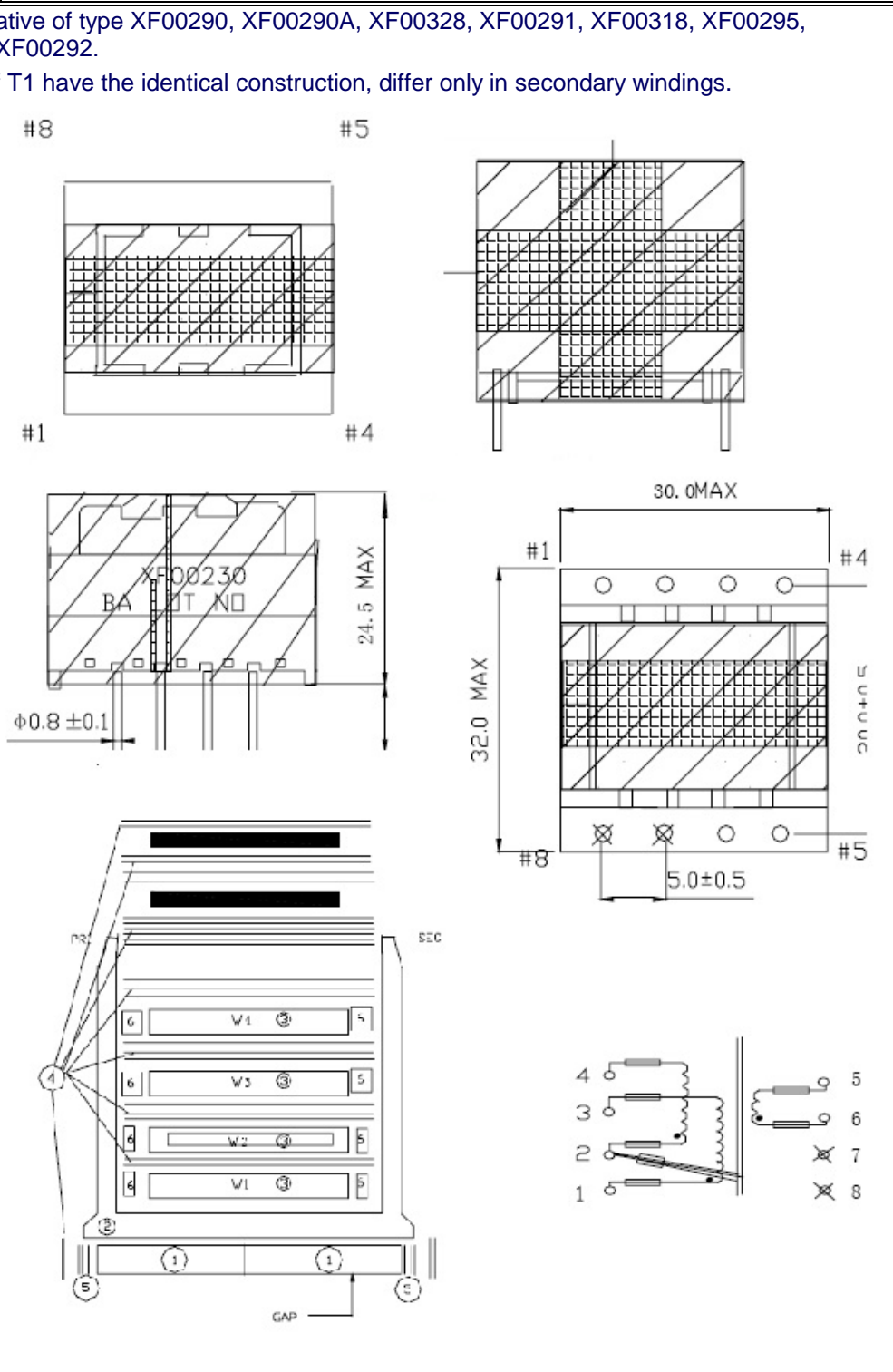
5.1	TABLE: touch current measurement			P
Measured between:		Measured (mA)	Limit (mA)	Comments/conditions
Line to output connector		0.10	0.25	Normal operation
Neutral to output connector		0.09	0.25	Normal operation
supplementary information:				
Tested at 264V, 60Hz				

5.2	TABLE: Electric strength tests, impulse tests and voltage surge tests			P
Test voltage applied between:		Voltage shape (AC, DC, impulse, surge)	Test voltage (V)	Breakdown Yes / No
Reinforced:				
Input and output		AC	3000	No
T1 primary and secondary ¹⁾		AC	3000	No
1 layer of insulation tape used in T1 ²⁾		AC	3000	No
Basic and Supplementary:				
T1 primary to core ¹⁾		AC	1772	No
T1 core to secondary ¹⁾		AC	1772	No
Supplementary information:				
1)Tests conducted on all types transformer under all manufacturers.				
2)Tested for all types under all manufacturers.				

5.3	TABLE: fault condition tests					P
	ambient temperature (°C)	See table below:				—
	model/type of power supply					—
	manufacturer of power supply					—
	rated markings of power supply					—
component No.	fault	test voltage (V)	test time	fuse No ³⁾	fuse current (A)	result
GT-41060-1505-FW						
T1 pin 5-6 after D4	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
T1 pin 5-6 after D4	o-l	90	8h	F1	0.45	Output loaded to 4.0A. Max temperature measured on T1 coil = 84.2°C T1 core = 80.5°C Amb = 27.1°C No damage, no hazard.
+5V output	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
+5V output	o-l	90	6.5h	F1	0.42	Output loaded to 3.3A. Max temperature measured on T1 coil = 82.1°C T1 core = 79.5°C Amb = 27.0°C No damage, no hazard.
GT-41060-2530-FW						
RA	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.24	Normal operation, no significant temperature rise. No damage, no hazard.
RB	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.24	Normal operation, no significant temperature rise. No damage, no hazard.
BD1 ~ - +	s-c	264	<1s	F1	1)	Fuse open, no hazard.
C1	s-c	264	<1s	F1	1)	Fuse open, no hazard.
PC1 pin 1-2	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
PC1 pin 3-4	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
U1 pin 1,3-2	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
D4	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.32~0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
R26	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
Q1 G-S	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.

component No.	fault	test voltage (V)	test time	fuse No ³⁾ .	fuse current (A)	result
Q1 G-D	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04 2)	Unit shut down. R7, R12 and IC1 damaged, no hazard.
Q1 S-D	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04 2)	Unit shut down. R12 damaged, no hazard.
IC1 pin 5-6	s-c	264	< 1s	F1	1)	Fuse open. R12 damaged, no hazard.
T1 pin 2-4 after D4	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
T1 pin 5-6 after D4	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
T1 pin 5-6 after D4	o-l	90	12h	F1	0.92	Output loaded to 1.57A. Max temperature measured on T1 coil = 110.5°C T1 core = 108.7°C Amb = 27.6°C No damage, no hazard.
+30V output	s-c	264	10 min	F1	0.04	Unit shut down, no damage, no hazard.
+30V output	o-l	90	5.5h	F1	0.87	Output loaded to 1.48A. Max temperature measured on T1 coil = 109.2°C T1 core = 105.9°C Amb = 27.6°C No damage, no hazard.
supplementary information:						
s-c=short circuit, o-l=overload 1) Fuse current > fuse rating x 2.1 and repeated three times with same result. Tested with all fuse sources. 2) Test repeated for three times with the same result. 3) tested with fuse F2 short-circuit.						

C.2		TABLE: transformers						P
Loc.	Tested insulation	Working voltage peak / V (2.10.2)	Working voltage rms / V (2.10.2)	Required electric strength (5.2)	Required clearance / mm (2.10.3)	Required creepage distance / mm (2.10.4)	Required distance thr. insul. (2.10.5)	
T1	Reinforced: Primary windings - Secondary windings	512	247	3000Vac	5.7 2)	5.7	1)	
T1	Basic: Primary windings - Core	512	247	1772Vac	2.9 2)	2.9	1)	
T1	Supplementary: Core - Secondary windings	512	247	1772Vac	2.9 2)	2.9	1)	
Loc.	Tested insulation			Test voltage/ V	Measured clearance / mm	Measured creepage dist./ mm	Measured distance thr. insul. / mm; number of layers	
T1	Reinforced: Primary windings - Secondary windings			3000Vac	7.0	7.0	2 or 3 layers	
T1	Basic: Primary windings - Core			1772Vac	4.0	4.0	2 or 3 layers	
T1	Supplementary: Core - Secondary windings			1772Vac	3.5	3.5	2 or 3 layers	
Supplementary information:								
1) 2 or 3 layers / 0.4 mm / Annex U								
2) The equipment used at elevations < 3500m. Required clearance is 1.29 times under IEC60664-1 considering sea level 3500m.								
Two layers of insulation tape wrapped around T1 core. All types of T1 have the identical construction, differ only in secondary windings.								

C.2	TABLE: transformers	P
	<p>Representative of type XF00290, XF00290A, XF00328, XF00291, XF00318, XF00295, XF00230, XF00292.</p> <p>All types of T1 have the identical construction, differ only in secondary windings.</p>  <p>The technical drawings include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top-left: Cross-section of a transformer core with labels #1, #4, #5, and #8. Top-right: Another cross-section view of the transformer core. Middle-left: Detailed cross-section of a transformer core with dimensions: $\phi 0.8 \pm 0.1$, 24.5 MAX, and 30.0 MAX. It also shows the text "XF00230 BA T NO". Middle-right: Cross-section of a transformer core with dimensions: 32.0 MAX, 5.0 \pm 0.5, and 30.0 MAX. It shows labels #1, #4, #5, and #8. Bottom-left: A detailed view of the transformer core with labels #1, #4, #5, and #8, and a "GAP" label. Bottom-right: A winding diagram showing the primary and secondary windings with labels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8. 	

Winding of T1 type XF00290

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm,COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.5*4	5	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm,3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Winding of T1 type XF00290A

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm,COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.5*5	6	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm,3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Winding of T1 type XF00328

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm, COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.4*4	8	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Winding of T1 type XF00291

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm, COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.4*4	13	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Winding of T1 type XF00318

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm, COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.47*2	16	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Winding of T1 type XF00295

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI), w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm, COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.45*2	18	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI), w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Winding of T1 type XF00230

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

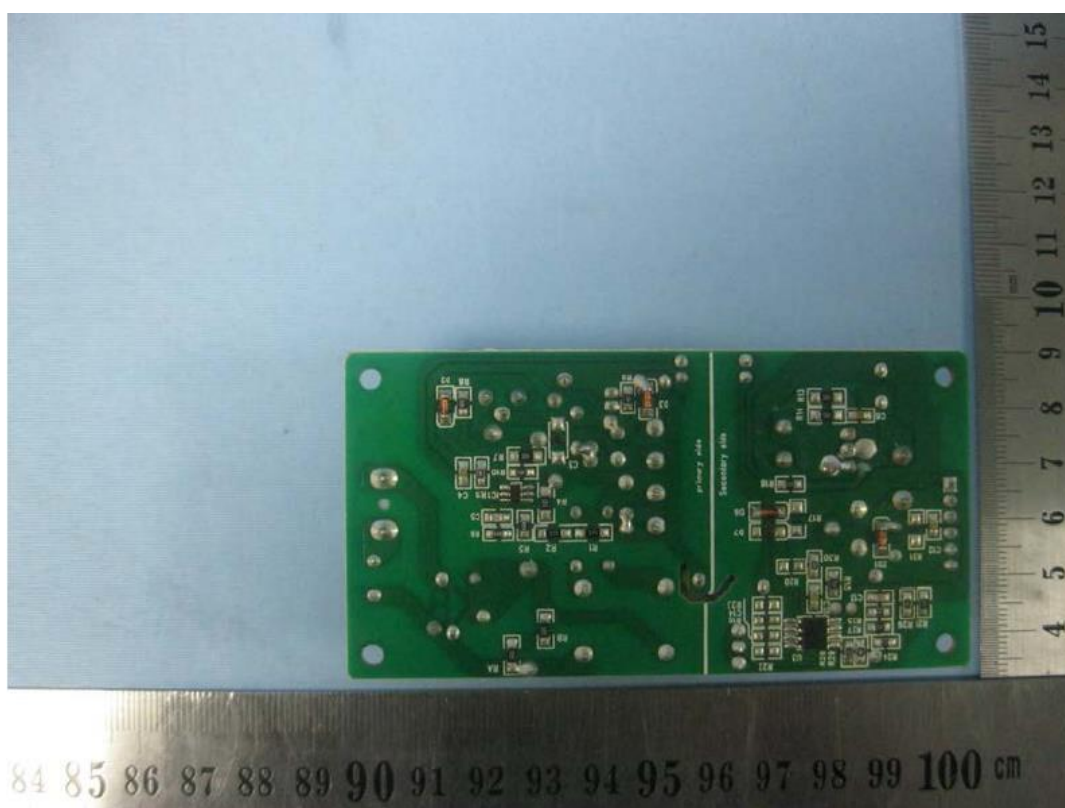
NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm,COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.4*2	20	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm,3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Winding of T1 type XF00292

4. WINDING SPECIFICATION

NO	PIN NO. (S-F) S:START, F:FINISH	WIRE	TURNS	WINDING METHOD
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W1	(1)---(3)	2UEW Φ 0.37	60	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 2LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=3.0mm(PRI) ,w=3.0mm(SEC)				
W2	(2)---	0.05/8 mm,COPPERTAPE	0.9	CENTER SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm, 3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.45mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W4	(6)---(5)	2UEW Φ 0.5	24	SOLENOID
INSULATION: TAPE t= 0.025mm, w=15.5mm,3LAYERS				
BARRIER TAPE: t=0.25mm, w=4.0mm(PRI) ,w=4.0mm(SEC)				
W6	(2)---(4)	2UEW Φ 0.20*2	15	CENTER SOLENOID

Photos



ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 60950-1 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES

Information technology equipment – Safety –
PART 1: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Differences according to: EN 60950-1:2006/A11:2009/A1:2010/A12:2011/A2:2013

Attachment Form No.: EU_GD_IEC60950_1F

Attachment Originator: SGS Fimko Ltd

Master Attachment: Date 2014-02

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EN 60950-1:2006/A11:2009/A1:2010/A12:2011/A2:2013 – CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)


Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Clauses, subclauses, notes, tables and figures which are additional to those in IEC60950-1 and it's amendmets are prefixed "Z"		
Contents (A2:2013)	Add the following annexes: Annex ZA (normative) Annex ZB (normative) Annex ZD (informative)	Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications Special national conditions IEC and CENELEC code designations for flexible cords	—
General	Delete all the "country" notes in the reference document (IEC 60950-1:2005) according to the following list: 1.4.8 Note 2 1.5.1 Note 2 & 3 1.5.7.1 Note 1.5.8 Note 2 1.5.9.4 Note 1.7.2.1 Note 4, 5 & 6 2.2.3 Note 2.2.4 Note 2.3.2 Note 2.3.2.1 Note 2 2.3.4 Note 2 2.6.3.3 Note 2 & 3 2.7.1 Note 2.10.3.2 Note 2 2.10.5.13 Note 3 3.2.1.1 Note 3.2.4 Note 3. 2.5.1 Note 2 4.3.6 Note 1 & 2 4.7 Note 4 4.7.2.2 Note 4.7.3.1Note 2 5.1.7.1 Note 3 & 4 5.3.7 Note 1 6 Note 2 & 5 6.1.2.1 Note 2 6.1.2.2 Note 6.2.2 Note 6.2.2.1 Note 2 6.2.2.2 Note 7.1 Note 3 7.2 Note 7.3 Note 1 & 2 G.2.1 Note 2 Annex H Note 2		—
General (A1:2010)	Delete all the "country" notes in the reference document (IEC 60950-1:2005/A1:2010) according to the following list: 1.5.7.1 Note 6.1.2.1 Note 2 6.2.2.1 Note 2 EE.3 Note		—

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
General (A2:2013)	Delete all the "country" notes in the reference document (IEC 60950-1:2005/A2:2013) according to the following list: 2.7.1 Note * 2.10.3.1 Note 2 6.2.2. Note * Note of secretary: Text of Common Modification remains unchanged.		P
1.3.Z1	Add the following subclause: 1.3.Z1 Exposure to excessive sound pressure The apparatus shall be so designed and constructed as to present no danger when used for its intended purpose, either in normal operating conditions or under fault conditions, particularly providing protection against exposure to excessive sound pressures from headphones or earphones. NOTE Z1 A new method of measurement is described in EN 50332-1, Sound system equipment: Headphones and earphones associated with portable audio equipment - Maximum sound pressure level measurement methodology and limit considerations - Part 1: General method for "one package equipment", and in EN 50332-2, Sound system equipment: Headphones and earphones associated with portable audio equipment - Maximum sound pressure level measurement methodology and limit considerations - Part 2: Guidelines to associate sets with headphones coming from different manufacturers.	No headphones or earphones connectors in the equipment.	N/A
(A12:2011)	In EN 60950-1:2006/A12:2011 Delete the addition of 1.3.Z1 / EN 60950-1:2006 Delete the definition 1.2.3.Z1 / EN 60950-1:2006 /A1:2010		P
1.5.1	Add the following NOTE: NOTE Z1 The use of certain substances in electrical and electronic equipment is restricted within the EU: see Directive 2002/95/EC		P
1.7.2.1 (A1:2010)	In addition, for a PORTABLE SOUND SYSTEM, the instructions shall include a warning that excessive sound pressure from earphones and headphones can cause hearing loss.	Building-in switching mode power supply	--
1.7.2.1 (A12:2011)	In EN 60950-1:2006/A12:2011 Delete NOTE Z1 and the addition for Portable Sound System. Add the following clause and annex to the existing standard and amendments.	Building-in switching mode power supply	--
	Zx Protection against excessive sound pressure from personal music players		N/A

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>Zx.1 General</p> <p>This sub-clause specifies requirements for protection against excessive sound pressure from personal music players that are closely coupled to the ear. It also specifies requirements for earphones and headphones intended for use with personal music players.</p> <p>A personal music player is a portable equipment for personal use, that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – is designed to allow the user to listen to recorded or broadcast sound or video; and – primarily uses headphones or earphones that can be worn in or on or around the ears; and – allows the user to walk around while in use. <p>NOTE 1 Examples are hand-held or body-worn portable CD players, MP3 audio players, mobile phones with MP3 type features, PDA's or similar equipment.</p> <p>A personal music player and earphones or headphones intended to be used with personal music players shall comply with the requirements of this sub-clause.</p> <p>The requirements in this sub-clause are valid for music or video mode only.</p> <p>The requirements do not apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – while the personal music player is connected to an external amplifier; or – while the headphones or earphones are not used. <p>NOTE 2 An external amplifier is an amplifier which is not part of the personal music player or the listening device, but which is intended to play the music as a standalone music player.</p> <p>The requirements do not apply to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – hearing aid equipment and professional equipment; <p>NOTE 3 Professional equipment is equipment sold through special sales channels. All products sold through normal electronics stores are considered not to be professional equipment.</p>		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – analogue personal music players (personal music players without any kind of digital processing of the sound signal) that are brought to the market before the end of 2015. <p>NOTE 4 This exemption has been allowed because this technology is falling out of use and it is expected that within a few years it will no longer exist. This exemption will not be extended to other technologies.</p> <p>For equipment which is clearly designed or intended for use by young children, the limits of EN 71-1 apply.</p>		N/A

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>Zx.2 Equipment requirements</p> <p>No safety provision is required for equipment that complies with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – equipment provided as a package (personal music player with its listening device), where the acoustic output $L_{Aeq,T}$ is ≤ 85 dBA measured while playing the fixed “programme simulation noise” as described in EN 50332-1; and – a personal music player provided with an analogue electrical output socket for a listening device, where the electrical output is ≤ 27 mV measured as described in EN 50332-2, while playing the fixed “programme simulation noise” as described in EN 50332-1. <p>NOTE 1 Wherever the term acoustic output is used in this clause, the 30 s A-weighted equivalent sound pressure level $L_{Aeq,T}$ is meant. See also Zx.5 and Annex Zx.</p> <p>All other equipment shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) protect the user from unintentional acoustic outputs exceeding those mentioned above; and b) have a standard acoustic output level not exceeding those mentioned above, and automatically return to an output level not exceeding those mentioned above when the power is switched off; and 		N/A

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>c) provide a means to actively inform the user of the increased sound pressure when the equipment is operated with an acoustic output exceeding those mentioned above. Any means used shall be acknowledged by the user before activating a mode of operation which allows for an acoustic output exceeding those mentioned above. The acknowledgement does not need to be repeated more than once every 20 h of cumulative listening time; and</p> <p>NOTE 2 Examples of means include visual or audible signals. Action from the user is always required.</p> <p>NOTE 3 The 20 h listening time is the accumulative listening time, independent how often and how long the personal music player has been switched off.</p> <p>d) have a warning as specified in Zx.3; and</p> <p>e) not exceed the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) equipment provided as a package (player with its listening device), the acoustic output shall be ≤ 100 dBA measured while playing the fixed "programme simulation noise" described in EN 50332-1; and 2) a personal music player provided with an analogue electrical output socket for a listening device, the electrical output shall be ≤ 150 mV measured as described in EN 50332-2, while playing the fixed "programme simulation noise" described in EN 50332-1. <p>For music where the average sound pressure (long term $L_{Aeq,T}$) measured over the duration of the song is lower than the average produced by the programme simulation noise, the warning does not need to be given as long as the average sound pressure of the song is below the basic limit of 85 dBA. In this case T becomes the duration of the song.</p> <p>NOTE 4 Classical music typically has an average sound pressure (long term $L_{Aeq,T}$) which is much lower than the average programme simulation noise. Therefore, if the player is capable to analyse the song and compare it with the programme simulation noise, the warning does not need to be given as long as the average sound pressure of the song is below the basic limit of 85 dBA.</p> <p>For example, if the player is set with the programme simulation noise to 85 dBA, but the average music level of the song is only 65 dBA, there is no need to give a warning or ask an acknowledgement as long as the average sound level of the song is not above the basic limit of 85 dBA.</p>		N/A

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>Zx.3 Warning</p> <p>The warning shall be placed on the equipment, or on the packaging, or in the instruction manual and shall consist of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – the symbol of Figure 1 with a minimum height of 5 mm; and – the following wording, or similar: <p>“To prevent possible hearing damage, do not listen at high volume levels for long periods.”</p>  <p>Figure 1 – Warning label (IEC 60417-6044)</p> <p>Alternatively, the entire warning may be given through the equipment display during use, when the user is asked to acknowledge activation of the higher level.</p>		N/A
	Zx.4 Requirements for listening devices (headphones and earphones)		N/A
	<p>Zx.4.1 Wired listening devices with analogue input</p> <p>With 94 dBA sound pressure output $L_{Aeq,T}$, the input voltage of the fixed “programme simulation noise” described in EN 50332-2 shall be ≥ 75 mV.</p> <p>This requirement is applicable in any mode where the headphones can operate (active or passive), including any available setting (for example built-in volume level control).</p> <p>NOTE The values of 94 dBA – 75 mV correspond with 85dBA – 27 mV and 100 dBA – 150 mV.</p>		N/A
	<p>Zx.4.2 Wired listening devices with digital input</p> <p>With any playing device playing the fixed “programme simulation noise” described in EN 50332-1 (and respecting the digital interface standards, where a digital interface standard exists that specifies the equivalent acoustic level), the acoustic output $L_{Aeq,T}$ of the listening device shall be ≤ 100 dBA.</p> <p>This requirement is applicable in any mode where the headphones can operate, including any available setting (for example built-in volume level control, additional sound feature like equalization, etc.).</p> <p>NOTE An example of a wired listening device with digital input is a USB headphone.</p>		N/A

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>Zx.4.3 Wireless listening devices</p> <p>In wireless mode:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – with any playing and transmitting device playing the fixed programme simulation noise described in EN 50332-1; and – respecting the wireless transmission standards, where an air interface standard exists that specifies the equivalent acoustic level; and – with volume and sound settings in the listening device (for example built-in volume level control, additional sound feature like equalization, etc.) set to the combination of positions that maximize the measured acoustic output for the abovementioned programme simulation noise, the acoustic output $L_{Aeq,T}$ of the listening device shall be ≤ 100 dBA. <p>NOTE An example of a wireless listening device is a Bluetooth headphone.</p>		N/A
	<p>Zx.5 Measurement methods</p> <p>Measurements shall be made in accordance with EN 50332-1 or EN 50332-2 as applicable. Unless stated otherwise, the time interval T shall be 30 s.</p> <p>NOTE Test method for wireless equipment provided without listening device should be defined.</p>		N/A
2.7.1	<p>Replace the subclause as follows:</p> <p>Basic requirements</p> <p>To protect against excessive current, short-circuits and earth faults in PRIMARY CIRCUITS, protective devices shall be included either as integral parts of the equipment or as parts of the building installation, subject to the following, a), b) and c):</p> <p>a) except as detailed in b) and c), protective devices necessary to comply with the requirements of 5.3 shall be included as parts of the equipment;</p> <p>b) for components in series with the mains input to the equipment such as the supply cord, appliance coupler, r.f.i. filter and switch, short-circuit and earth fault protection may be provided by protective devices in the building installation;</p>	The equipment is provided with fuses and complies with a).	P

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)									
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict						
	<p>c) it is permitted for PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE B or PERMANENTLY CONNECTED EQUIPMENT, to rely on dedicated overcurrent and short-circuit protection in the building installation, provided that the means of protection, e.g. fuses or circuit breakers, is fully specified in the installation instructions.</p> <p>If reliance is placed on protection in the building installation, the installation instructions shall so state, except that for PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE A the building installation shall be regarded as providing protection in accordance with the rating of the wall socket outlet.</p>	Pluggable equipment type A.	N/A						
2.7.2	This subclause has been declared 'void'.	Considered.	—						
3.2.3	Delete the NOTE in Table 3A, and delete also in this table the conduit sizes in parentheses.	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—						
3.2.5.1	<p>Replace "60245 IEC 53" by "H05 RR-F"; "60227 IEC 52" by "H03 VV-F or H03 VVH2-F"; "60227 IEC 53" by "H05 VV-F or H05 VVH2-F2".</p> <p>In Table 3B, replace the first four lines by the following:</p> <table><tr><td>Up to and including 6 </td><td>0,75 ^{a)} </td></tr><tr><td>Over 6 up to and including 10 </td><td>(0,75) ^{b)} 1,0 </td></tr><tr><td>Over 10 up to and including 16 </td><td>(1,0) ^{c)} 1,5 </td></tr></table> <p>In the conditions applicable to Table 3B delete the words "in some countries" in condition ^{a)}.</p> <p>In NOTE 1, applicable to Table 3B, delete the second sentence.</p>	Up to and including 6	0,75 ^{a)}	Over 6 up to and including 10	(0,75) ^{b)} 1,0	Over 10 up to and including 16	(1,0) ^{c)} 1,5	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
Up to and including 6	0,75 ^{a)}								
Over 6 up to and including 10	(0,75) ^{b)} 1,0								
Over 10 up to and including 16	(1,0) ^{c)} 1,5								
3.2.5.1 (A2:2013)	NOTE Z1 The harmonised code designations corresponding to the IEC cord types are given in Annex ZD		N/A						
3.3.4	<p>In Table 3D, delete the fourth line: conductor sizes for 10 to 13 A, and replace with the following:</p> <table><tr><td>Over 10 up to and including 16 </td><td>1,5 to 2,5 </td><td>1,5 to 4 </td></tr></table> <p>Delete the fifth line: conductor sizes for 13 to 16 A</p>	Over 10 up to and including 16	1,5 to 2,5	1,5 to 4	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—			
Over 10 up to and including 16	1,5 to 2,5	1,5 to 4							
4.3.13.6 (A1:2010)	<p>Replace the existing NOTE by the following:</p> <p>NOTE Z1 Attention is drawn to:</p> <p>1999/519/EC: Council Recommendation on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields 0 Hz to 300 GHz, and</p> <p>2006/25/EC: Directive on the minimum health and safety requirements regarding the exposure of workers to risks arising from physical agents (artificial optical radiation).</p>		N/A						

IEC 60950-1, GROUP DIFFERENCES (CENELEC common modifications EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Standards taking into account mentioned Recommendation and Directive which demonstrate compliance with the applicable EU Directive are indicated in the OJEC.		N/A
Annex H	<p>Replace the last paragraph of this annex by:</p> <p>At any point 10 cm from the surface of the OPERATOR ACCESS AREA, the dose rate shall not exceed 1 µSv/h (0,1 mR/h) (see NOTE). Account is taken of the background level.</p> <p>Replace the notes as follows:</p> <p>NOTE These values appear in Directive 96/29/Euratom.</p> <p>Delete NOTE 2.</p>	The unit does not emit X-ray radiation.	N/A
Bibliography	Additional EN standards.		—

ZA	NORMATIVE REFERENCES TO INTERNATIONAL PUBLICATIONS WITH THEIR CORRESPONDING EUROPEAN PUBLICATIONS	—
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ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.2.4.1	In Denmark , certain types of Class I appliances (see 3.2.1.1) may be provided with a plug not establishing earthing conditions when inserted into Danish socket-outlets.	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
1.2.13.14	In Norway and Sweden , for requirements see 1.7.2.1 and 7.3 of this annex.		N/A
1.5.7.1	In Finland , Norway and Sweden , resistors bridging BASIC INSULATION in CLASS I PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE A must comply with the requirements in 1.5.7.1. In addition when a single resistor is used, the resistor must withstand the resistor test in 1.5.7.2.	No such parts.	N/A
1.5.8	In Norway , due to the IT power system used (see annex V, Figure V.7), capacitors are required to be rated for the applicable line-to-line voltage (230 V).	Class II equipment	N/A
1.5.9.4	In Finland , Norway and Sweden , the third dashed sentence is applicable only to equipment as defined in 6.1.2.2 of this annex.	No TNV circuit.	N/A

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.7.2.1	<p>In Finland, Norway and Sweden, CLASS I PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE A intended for connection to other equipment or a network shall, if safety relies on connection to protective earth or if surge suppressors are connected between the network terminals and accessible parts, have a marking stating that the equipment must be connected to an earthed mains socket-outlet.</p> <p>The marking text in the applicable countries shall be as follows:</p> <p>In Finland: "Laite on liitettävä suojakoskettimilla varustettuun pistorasiaan"</p> <p>In Norway: "Apparatet må tilkoples jordet stikkontakt"</p> <p>In Sweden: "Apparaten skall anslutas till jordat uttag"</p> <p>In Norway and Sweden, the screen of the cable distribution system is normally not earthed at the entrance of the building and there is normally no equipotential bonding system within the building. Therefore the protective earthing of the building installation need to be isolated from the screen of a cable distribution system.</p> <p>It is however accepted to provide the insulation external to the equipment by an adapter or an interconnection cable with galvanic isolator, which may be provided by e.g. a retailer.</p> <p>The user manual shall then have the following or similar information in Norwegian and Swedish language respectively, depending on in what country the equipment is intended to be used in:</p> <p>"Equipment connected to the protective earthing of the building installation through the mains connection or through other equipment with a connection to protective earthing – and to a cable distribution system using coaxial cable, may in some circumstances create a fire hazard. Connection to a cable distribution system has therefore to be provided through a device providing electrical isolation below a certain frequency range (galvanic isolator, see EN 60728-11)."</p>	Class II building-in equipment	N/A

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>NOTE In Norway, due to regulation for installations of cable distribution systems, and in Sweden, a galvanic isolator shall provide electrical insulation below 5 MHz. The insulation shall withstand a dielectric strength of 1,5 kV r.m.s., 50 Hz or 60 Hz, for 1 min.</p> <p>Translation to Norwegian (the Swedish text will also be accepted in Norway):</p> <p>“Utstyr som er koplet til beskyttelsesjord via nettplugg og/eller via annet jordtilkoplet utstyr – og er tilkoplet et kabel-TV nett, kan forårsake brannfare. For å unngå dette skal det ved tilkopling av utstyret til kabel-TV nettet installeres en galvanisk isolator mellom utstyret og kabel- TV nettet.”</p> <p>Translation to Swedish:</p> <p>”Utrustning som är kopplad till skyddsjord via jordat vägguttag och/eller via annan utrustning och samtidigt är kopplad till kabel-TV nät kan i vissa fall medföra risk för brand. För att undvika detta skall vid anslutning av utrustningen till kabel-TV nät galvanisk isolator finnas mellan utrustningen och kabel-TV nätet.”</p>	Not TV.	N/A
1.7.2.1 (A2:2013)	<p>In Denmark, CLASS I PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE A intended for connection to other equipment or a network shall, if safety relies on connection to protective earth or if surge suppressors are connected between the network terminals and accessible parts, have a marking stating that the equipment must be connected to an earthed mains socket-outlet.</p> <p>The marking text in Denmark shall be as follows: In Denmark: “Apparatets stikprop skal tilsluttes en stikkontakt med jord, som giver forbindelse til stikproppens jord.”</p>	Building-in equipment, must be considered in the end product.	—
1.7.5	<p>In Denmark, socket-outlets for providing power to other equipment shall be in accordance with the Heavy Current Regulations, Section 107-2-D1, Standard Sheet DK 1-3a, DK 1-5a or DK 1-7a, when used on Class I equipment. For STATIONARY EQUIPMENT the socket-outlet shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet DK 1-1b or DK 1-5a.</p> <p>For CLASS II EQUIPMENT the socket outlet shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet DKA 1-4a.</p>	There are no socket outlets provided power to other appliances.	N/A

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.7.5 (A2:2013)	<p>In Denmark, socket-outlets for providing power to other equipment shall be in accordance with the DS 60884-2-D1:2011.</p> <p>For class I equipment the following Standard Sheets are applicable: DK 1-3a, DK 1-1c, DK 1-1d, DK 1-5a or DK 1-7a, with the exception for STATIONARY EQUIPMENT where the socket-outlets shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet DK 1-1b, DK 1-1c, DK 1-1d or DK 1-5a.</p> <p>Socket outlets intended for providing power to Class II apparatus with a rated current of 2,5 A shall be in accordance with DS 60884-2-D1 standard sheet DKA 1-4a. Other current rating socket outlets shall be in compliance with by DS 60884-2-D1 Standard Sheet DKA 1-3a or DKA 1-3b.</p> <p>Justification the Heavy Current Regulations, 6c</p>	There are no socket outlets providing power to other appliances.	N/A
2.2.4	In Norway , for requirements see 1.7.2.1, 6.1.2.1 and 6.1.2.2 of this annex.	No TNV circuit.	N/A
2.3.2	In Finland, Norway and Sweden there are additional requirements for the insulation. See 6.1.2.1 and 6.1.2.2 of this annex.	No TNV circuit.	N/A
2.3.4	In Norway , for requirements see 1.7.2.1, 6.1.2.1 and 6.1.2.2 of this annex.	No TNV circuit.	N/A
2.6.3.3	In the United Kingdom , the current rating of the circuit shall be taken as 13 A, not 16 A.	Class II equipment	N/A
2.7.1	In the United Kingdom , to protect against excessive currents and short-circuits in the PRIMARY CIRCUIT of DIRECT PLUG-IN EQUIPMENT, tests according to 5.3 shall be conducted, using an external protective device rated 30 A or 32 A. If these tests fail, suitable protective devices shall be included as integral parts of the DIRECT PLUG-IN EQUIPMENT, so that the requirements of 5.3 are met.	Not Direct plug-in equipment.	N/A
2.10.5.13	In Finland, Norway and Sweden , there are additional requirements for the insulation, see 6.1.2.1 and 6.1.2.2 of this annex.	No TNV circuit.	N/A
3.2.1.1	<p>In Switzerland, supply cords of equipment having a RATED CURRENT not exceeding 10 A shall be provided with a plug complying with SEV 1011 or IEC 60884-1 and one of the following dimension sheets:</p> <p>SEV 6532-2.1991 Plug Type 15 3P+N+PE 250/400 V, 10 A</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<p>SEV 6533-2.1991 Plug Type 11 L+N 250 V, 10 A</p> <p>SEV 6534-2.1991 Plug Type 12 L+N+PE 250 V, 10 A</p> <p>In general, EN 60309 applies for plugs for currents exceeding 10 A. However, a 16 A plug and socket-outlet system is being introduced in Switzerland, the plugs of which are according to the following dimension sheets, published in February 1998:</p> <p>SEV 5932-2.1998: Plug Type 25 , 3L+N+PE 230/400 V, 16 A</p> <p>SEV 5933-2.1998: Plug Type 21, L+N, 250 V, 16A</p> <p>SEV 5934-2.1998: Plug Type 23, L+N+PE 250 V, 16 A</p>		
3.2.1.1	<p>In Denmark, supply cords of single-phase equipment having a rated current not exceeding 13 A shall be provided with a plug according to the Heavy Current Regulations, Section 107-2-D1.</p> <p>CLASS I EQUIPMENT provided with socket-outlets with earth contacts or which are intended to be used in locations where protection against indirect contact is required according to the wiring rules shall be provided with a plug in accordance with standard sheet DK 2-1a or DK 2-5a.</p> <p>If poly-phase equipment and single-phase equipment having a RATED CURRENT exceeding 13 A is provided with a supply cord with a plug, this plug shall be in accordance with the Heavy Current Regulations, Section 107-2-D1 or EN 60309-2.</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
3.2.1.1 (A2:2013)	<p>In Denmark, supply cords of single-phase equipment having a rated current not exceeding 13 A shall be provided with a plug according to DS 60884-2-D1.</p> <p>CLASS I EQUIPMENT provided with socket-outlets with earth contacts or which are intended to be used in locations where protection against indirect contact is required according to the wiring rules shall be provided with a plug in accordance with standard sheet DK 2-1a or DK 2-5a.</p> <p>If a single-phase equipment having a RATED CURRENT exceeding 13 A or if a poly-phase equipment is provided with a supply cord with a plug, this plug shall be in accordance with the standard sheets DK 6-1a in DS 60884-2-D1 or EN 60309-2.</p> <p>Justification the Heavy Current Regulations, 6c</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
3.2.1.1	<p>In Spain, supply cords of single-phase equipment having a rated current not exceeding 10 A shall be provided with a plug according to UNE 20315:1994.</p> <p>Supply cords of single-phase equipment having a rated current not exceeding 2,5 A shall be provided with a plug according to UNE-EN 50075:1993.</p> <p>CLASS I EQUIPMENT provided with socket-outlets with earth contacts or which are intended to be used in locations where protection against indirect contact is required according to the wiring rules, shall be provided with a plug in accordance with standard UNE 20315:1994.</p> <p>If poly-phase equipment is provided with a supply cord with a plug, this plug shall be in accordance with UNE-EN 60309-2.</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
3.2.1.1	<p>In the United Kingdom, apparatus which is fitted with a flexible cable or cord and is designed to be connected to a mains socket conforming to BS 1363 by means of that flexible cable or cord and plug, shall be fitted with a 'standard plug' in accordance with Statutory Instrument 1768:1994 - The Plugs and Sockets etc. (Safety) Regulations 1994, unless exempted by those regulations.</p> <p>NOTE 'Standard plug' is defined in SI 1768:1994 and essentially means an approved plug conforming to BS 1363 or an approved conversion plug.</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
3.2.1.1	<p>In Ireland, apparatus which is fitted with a flexible cable or cord and is designed to be connected to a mains socket conforming to I.S. 411 by means of that flexible cable or cord and plug, shall be fitted with a 13 A plug in accordance with Statutory Instrument 525:1997 - National Standards Authority of Ireland (section 28) (13 A Plugs and Conversion Adaptors for Domestic Use) Regulations 1997.</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
3.2.4	<p>In Switzerland, for requirements see 3.2.1.1 of this annex.</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
3.2.5.1	<p>In the United Kingdom, a power supply cord with conductor of 1,25 mm² is allowed for equipment with a rated current over 10 A and up to and including 13 A.</p>	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—
3.3.4	<p>In the United Kingdom, the range of conductor sizes of flexible cords to be accepted by terminals for equipment with a RATED CURRENT of over 10 A up to and including 13 A is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1,25 mm² to 1,5 mm² nominal cross-sectional area. 	Building-in equipment and not provide power supply cord, must be checked in the end product.	—

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4.3.6	In the United Kingdom , the torque test is performed using a socket outlet complying with BS 1363 part 1:1995, including Amendment 1:1997 and Amendment 2:2003 and the plug part of DIRECT PLUG-IN EQUIPMENT shall be assessed to BS 1363: Part 1, 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.9, 12.11, 12.12, 12.13, 12.16 and 12.17, except that the test of 12.17 is performed at not less than 125 °C. Where the metal earth pin is replaced by an Insulated Shutter Opening Device (ISOD), the requirements of clauses 22.2 and 23 also apply.	Not Direct plug-in equipment.	N/A
4.3.6	In Ireland , DIRECT PLUG-IN EQUIPMENT is known as plug similar devices. Such devices shall comply with Statutory Instrument 526:1997 - National Standards Authority of Ireland (Section 28) (Electrical plugs, plug similar devices and sockets for domestic use) Regulations, 1997.	Not Direct plug-in equipment.	N/A
5.1.7.1	In Finland, Norway and Sweden TOUCH CURRENT measurement results exceeding 3,5 mA r.m.s. are permitted only for the following equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • STATIONARY PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE A that is intended to be used in a RESTRICTED ACCESS LOCATION where equipotential bonding has been applied, for example, in a telecommunication centre; and has provision for a permanently connected PROTECTIVE EARTHING CONDUCTOR; and is provided with instructions for the installation of that conductor by a SERVICE PERSON; • STATIONARY PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE B; • STATIONARY PERMANENTLY CONNECTED EQUIPMENT. 	Not exceed 3.5mA.	N/A

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
6.1.2.1 (A1:2010)	<p>In Finland, Norway and Sweden, add the following text between the first and second paragraph of the compliance clause:</p> <p>If this insulation is solid, including insulation forming part of a component, it shall at least consist of either</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - two layers of thin sheet material, each of which shall pass the electric strength test below, or - one layer having a distance through insulation of at least 0,4 mm, which shall pass the electric strength test below. <p>Alternatively for components, there is no distance through insulation requirements for the insulation consisting of an insulating compound completely filling the casing, so that CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES do not exist, if the component passes the electric strength test in accordance with the compliance clause below and in addition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - passes the tests and inspection criteria of 2.10.11 with an electric strength test of 1,5 kV multiplied by 1,6 (the electric strength test of 2.10.10 shall be performed using 1,5 kV), and - is subject to ROUTINE TESTING for electric strength during manufacturing, using a test voltage of 1,5 kV. 	No TNV circuit.	N/A
	<p>It is permitted to bridge this insulation with an optocoupler complying with 2.10.5.4 b).</p> <p>It is permitted to bridge this insulation with a capacitor complying with EN 60384-14:2005, subclass Y2.</p> <p>A capacitor classified Y3 according to EN 60384-14:2005, may bridge this insulation under the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the insulation requirements are satisfied by having a capacitor classified Y3 as defined by EN 60384-14, which in addition to the Y3 testing, is tested with an impulse test of 2,5 kV defined in EN 60950-1:2006, 6.2.2.1; - the additional testing shall be performed on all the test specimens as described in EN 60384-14: - the impulse test of 2,5 kV is to be performed before the endurance test in EN 60384-14, in the sequence of tests as described in EN 60384-14. 		N/A

ZB ANNEX (normative) SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
6.1.2.2	In Finland , Norway and Sweden , the exclusions are applicable for PERMANENTLY CONNECTED EQUIPMENT, PLUGGABLE EQUIPMENT TYPE B and equipment intended to be used in a RESTRICTED ACCESS LOCATION where equipotential bonding has been applied, e.g. in a telecommunication centre, and which has provision for a permanently connected PROTECTIVE EARTHING CONDUCTOR and is provided with instructions for the installation of that conductor by a SERVICE PERSON.	No TNV circuit.	N/A
7.2	In Finland , Norway and Sweden , for requirements see 6.1.2.1 and 6.1.2.2 of this annex. The term TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORK in 6.1.2 being replaced by the term CABLE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.	No CDS circuit.	N/A
7.3	In Norway and Sweden , for requirements see 1.2.13.14 and 1.7.2.1 of this annex.	No CDS circuit.	N/A
7.3	In Norway , for installation conditions see EN 60728-11:2005.	No CDS circuit.	N/A

Annex ZD (informative)

IEC and CENELEC code designations for flexible cords

Type of flexible cord	Code designations	
	IEC	CENELEC
PVC insulated cords		
Flat twin tinsel cord	60227 IEC 41	H03VH-Y
Light polyvinyl chloride sheathed flexible cord	60227 IEC 52	H03VV-F H03VVH2-F
Ordinary polyvinyl chloride sheathed flexible cord	60277 IEC 53	H05VV-F H05VVH2-F
Rubber insulated cords		
Braided cord	60245 IEC 51	H03RT-F
Ordinary tough rubber sheathed flexible cord	60245 IEC 53	H05RR-F
Ordinary polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord	60245 IEC 57	H05RN-F
Heavy polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord	60245 IEC 66	H07RN-F
Cords having high flexibility		
Rubber insulated and sheathed cord	60245 IEC 86	H03RR-H
Rubber insulated, crosslinked PVC sheathed cord	60245 IEC 87	H03RV4-H
Crosslinked PVC insulated and sheathed cord	60245 IEC 88	H03V4V4-H

ATTACHMENT: AUSTRALIAN / NEW ZEALAND DIFFERENCES
Test results according to CB BULLETIN

Clause	Requirements – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
Variations to IEC 60950-1:2005 +A1:2009 for application in Australia and/or New Zealand (AS/NZS 60950.1:2011 +A1:2012)			
ZZ.1 Introduction This Appendix sets out variations and additional requirements to cover issues which have not been addressed by the International Standard. These variations indicate national variations for purposes of the IEC EE CB System and will be published in the IEC EE CB Bulletin.			
ZZ.2 Variations The following variations apply to the source text.:			
1.2	Insert the following between 'person, service' and 'range, rated frequency': POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCE..... 1.2.12	Considered.	P
1.2.12.20 1	Insert a new Clause 1.2.12.201 after Clause 1.2.12.15 as follows: 1.2.12.201 POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCE: Possible fault which can start a fire if the open-circuit voltage measured across an interruption or faulty contact exceeds a value of 50 V (peak) a.c. or d.c. and the product of the peak value of this voltage and the measured r.m.s. current under normal operating conditions exceeds 15 VA. Such a faulty contact or interruption in an electrical connection includes those which may occur in CONDUCTIVE PATTERNS on PRINTED BOARDS . NOTE 201: An electronic protection circuit may be used to prevent such a fault from becoming a POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCE. NOTE 202: This definition is from AS/NZS 60065:2003.	Considered.	P
1.5.1	1. Add the following to the end of the first paragraph: 'or the relevant Australian/New Zealand Standard.' 2. In NOTE 1, add the following after the word 'standard': 'or an Australian/New Zealand Standard'.	All critical components are IEC and UL certified.	P
1.5.2	Add the following to the end of first and third dash items: 'or the relevant Australian/New Zealand Standard'.	All critical components are IEC and UL certified.	P

3.2.5.1	<p>Modify Table 3B as follows:</p> <p>Delete the first four rows and replace with the following:</p> <table><tr><th rowspan="3">RATED CURRENT of equipment A</th><th colspan="2">Minimum conductor sizes</th></tr><tr><th>Nominal cross-sectional area</th><th>AWG or kcmil [cross-sectional area in mm²]</th></tr><tr><th>mm²</th><th>see Note 2</th></tr><tr><td>Over 0.2 up to and including 3</td><td>0,5 ^a</td><td>18 [0,8]</td></tr><tr><td>Over 3 up to and including 7.5</td><td>0,75</td><td>16 [1,3]</td></tr><tr><td>Over 7.5 up to and including 10</td><td>(0,75) ^b</td><td>16 [1,3]</td></tr><tr><td>Over 10 up to and including 16</td><td>(1,0) ^c</td><td>14 [2]</td></tr></table>	RATED CURRENT of equipment A	Minimum conductor sizes		Nominal cross-sectional area	AWG or kcmil [cross-sectional area in mm ²]	mm ²	see Note 2	Over 0.2 up to and including 3	0,5 ^a	18 [0,8]	Over 3 up to and including 7.5	0,75	16 [1,3]	Over 7.5 up to and including 10	(0,75) ^b	16 [1,3]	Over 10 up to and including 16	(1,0) ^c	14 [2]	The power cord has not been checked, refer to Summary of Testing.	N/A
RATED CURRENT of equipment A	Minimum conductor sizes																					
	Nominal cross-sectional area		AWG or kcmil [cross-sectional area in mm ²]																			
	mm ²	see Note 2																				
Over 0.2 up to and including 3	0,5 ^a	18 [0,8]																				
Over 3 up to and including 7.5	0,75	16 [1,3]																				
Over 7.5 up to and including 10	(0,75) ^b	16 [1,3]																				
Over 10 up to and including 16	(1,0) ^c	14 [2]																				
	replace footnote a) and replace with the following: a) This nominal cross-sectional area is only allowed for Class II appliances if the length of the power supply cord, measured between the point where the cord, or cord guard, enters the appliance, and the entry to the plug does not exceed 2 m (0,5 mm ² three-core supply flexible cords are not permitted; see AS/NZS 3191).		N/A																			
	Delete Note 1.		N/A																			
4.1.201	Insert a new Clause 4.1.201 after Clause 4.1 as follows: 4.1.201 Display devices used for television Purposes Display devices which may be used for television purposes, with a mass of 7 kg or more, shall comply with the requirements for stability and mechanical hazards, including the additional stability requirements for television receivers, specified in AS/NZS 60065.		N/A																			
4.3.6	Delete the third paragraph and replace with the following: Equipment with a plug portion, suitable for insertion into a 10 A 3-pin flat-pin socket-outlet complying with AS/NZS 3112, shall comply with the requirements in AS/NZS 3112 for equipment with integral pins for insertion into socket-outlets.	Not intended to plug directly into a wall socket-outlet.	N/A																			
4.3.13.5	Add the following to the end of first paragraph: 'or AS/NZS 2211.1'.	No laser used.	N/A																			
	Add the following after "IEC 60825-2" in line two of the first paragraph: Or AS/NZS 60825.2		N/A																			
4.7	Add the following new paragraph to the end of the clause: For alternative tests refer to Clause 4.7.201.	Building-in equipment, compliance shall be evaluated in the end product	--																			

4.7.201	<p>Insert a new Clause 4.7.201 after Clause 4.7.3.6 as follows:</p> <p>4.7.201 Resistance to fire – Alternative tests</p> <p>4.7.201.1 General</p> <p>Parts of non-metallic material shall be resistant to ignition and spread of fire.</p> <p>This requirement does not apply to decorative trims, knobs and other parts unlikely to be ignited or to propagate flames originating from inside the apparatus, or the following:</p> <p>a) Components that are contained in an enclosure having a flammability category of V-0 according to AS/NZS 60695.11.10 and having openings only for the connecting wires filling the openings completely, and for ventilation not exceeding 1mm in width regardless of length.</p> <p>b) The following parts which would contribute negligible fuel to a fire:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - small mechanical parts, the mass of which does not exceed 4g, such as mounting parts, gears, cams, belts and bearings; - small electrical components, such as capacitors with a volume not exceeding 1,750 mm³, integrated circuits, transistors and optocoupler packages, if these components are mounted on material of flammability category V-1, or better, according to AS/NZS 60695.11.10. <p>NOTE: In considering how to minimize propagation of fire and what 'small parts' are, account should be taken of the cumulative effect of small parts adjacent to each other for the possible effect of propagating the fire from one part to another.</p> <p>Compliance shall be checked by the tests of 4.7.201.2, 4.7.201.3, 4.7.201.4 and 4.7.201.5.</p> <p>For the base material of printed boards, compliance shall be checked by the test of 4.7.201.5.</p> <p>The tests shall be carried out on parts of non-metallic material which have been removed from the apparatus. When the glow-wire test is carried out, the parts shall be placed in the same orientation as they would be in normal use.</p> <p>These tests are not carried out on internal wiring.</p> <p>4.7.201.2 Testing of non-metallic materials</p> <p>Parts of non-metallic material shall be subject to the glow-wire test of AS/NZS 60695.2.11 which shall be carried out at 550°C.</p>	Building-in equipment, compliance shall be evaluated in the end product	--
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4.7.201	<p>Parts for which the glow-wire test cannot be carried out, such as those made of soft or foamy material, shall meet the requirements specified in ISO 9772 for category FH-3 material. The glow-wire test shall not be carried out on parts of material classified at least FH-3 according to ISO 9772 provided that the sample tested was not thicker than the relevant part.</p> <p>4.7.201.3 Testing of insulating materials</p> <p>Parts of insulating material supporting POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCES shall be subject to the glow-wire test of AS/NZS 60695.2.11 which shall be carried out at 750°C</p> <p>The test shall also be carried out on other parts of insulating material which are within a distance of 3 mm of the connection.</p> <p>NOTE: Contacts in components such as switch contacts are considered to be connections.</p> <p>For parts which withstand the glow-wire test but produce a flame, other parts above the connection within the envelope of a vertical cylinder having a diameter of 20 mm and a height of 50 mm shall be subjected to the needle-flame test. However, parts shielded by a barrier which meets the needle-flame test shall not be tested.</p> <p>The needle-flame test shall be made in accordance with AS/NZS 60695.11.5 with the following modifications:</p> <table><tr><th>Clause of AS/NZS 60695.11.5</th><th>Change</th></tr><tr><td>9 Test procedure</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>9.2 Application of needle flame</td><td><p>Replace the first paragraph with:</p><p>The specimen shall be arranged so that the flame can be applied to a vertical or horizontal edge as shown in the examples of figure 1. If possible the flame shall be applied at least 10 mm from a corner</p><p>Replace the second paragraph with:</p><p>The duration of application of the test flame shall be 30 s ± 1 s.</p></td></tr><tr><td>9.3 Number of test specimens</td><td><p>Replace with:</p><p>The test shall be made on one specimen. If the specimen does not withstand the test, the test may be repeated on two further specimens, both of which shall withstand the test.</p></td></tr><tr><td>11 Evaluation of test results</td><td><p>Replace with:</p><p>The duration of burning (t_b) shall not exceed 30 s. However, for printed circuit boards, it shall not exceed 15 s.</p></td></tr></table>	Clause of AS/NZS 60695.11.5	Change	9 Test procedure		9.2 Application of needle flame	<p>Replace the first paragraph with:</p> <p>The specimen shall be arranged so that the flame can be applied to a vertical or horizontal edge as shown in the examples of figure 1. If possible the flame shall be applied at least 10 mm from a corner</p> <p>Replace the second paragraph with:</p> <p>The duration of application of the test flame shall be 30 s ± 1 s.</p>	9.3 Number of test specimens	<p>Replace with:</p> <p>The test shall be made on one specimen. If the specimen does not withstand the test, the test may be repeated on two further specimens, both of which shall withstand the test.</p>	11 Evaluation of test results	<p>Replace with:</p> <p>The duration of burning (t_b) shall not exceed 30 s. However, for printed circuit boards, it shall not exceed 15 s.</p>	Building-in equipment, compliance shall be evaluated in the end product	--
Clause of AS/NZS 60695.11.5	Change												
9 Test procedure													
9.2 Application of needle flame	<p>Replace the first paragraph with:</p> <p>The specimen shall be arranged so that the flame can be applied to a vertical or horizontal edge as shown in the examples of figure 1. If possible the flame shall be applied at least 10 mm from a corner</p> <p>Replace the second paragraph with:</p> <p>The duration of application of the test flame shall be 30 s ± 1 s.</p>												
9.3 Number of test specimens	<p>Replace with:</p> <p>The test shall be made on one specimen. If the specimen does not withstand the test, the test may be repeated on two further specimens, both of which shall withstand the test.</p>												
11 Evaluation of test results	<p>Replace with:</p> <p>The duration of burning (t_b) shall not exceed 30 s. However, for printed circuit boards, it shall not exceed 15 s.</p>												

4.7.201	<p>The needle-flame test shall not be carried out on parts of material classified as V-0 or V-1 according to IEC 60695-11-10, provided that the sample tested was not thicker than the relevant part.</p> <p>4.7.201.4 Testing in the event of non-extinguishing material</p> <p>If the parts, other than enclosures, do not withstand the glow-wire tests of 4.7.201.3, by failure to extinguish within 30 s after the removal of the glow-wire tip, the needle-flame test detailed in 4.7.201.3 shall be made on all parts of non-metallic material which are within a distance of 50 mm or which are likely to be impinged upon by flame during tests of 4.7.201.3. Parts shielded by a separate barrier which meets the needle-flame test need not be tested.</p> <p>NOTE 1: If the enclosure does not withstand the glow-wire test the equipment is considered to have failed to meet the requirements of Clause 4.7.201 without the need for consequential testing.</p> <p>NOTE 2: If other parts do not withstand the glow-wire test due to ignition of the tissue paper and if this indicates that burning or glowing particles can fall onto an external surface underneath the equipment, the equipment is considered to have failed to meet the requirements of Clause 4.7.201 without the need for consequential testing.</p> <p>NOTE 3: Parts likely to be impinged upon by the flame are considered to be those within the envelope of a vertical cylinder having a radius of 10 mm and a height equal to the height of the flame, positioned above the point of the material supporting, in contact with, or in close proximity to, connections.</p>	Building-in equipment, compliance shall be evaluated in the end product	--
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4.7.201	<p>4.7.201.5 Testing of printed boards</p> <p>The base material of printed boards shall be subjected to the needle-flame test of Clause 4.7.201.3. The flame shall be applied to the edge of the board where the heat sink effect is lowest when the board is positioned as in normal use. The flame shall not be applied to an edge, consisting of broken perforations, unless the edge is less than 3 mm from a POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCE.</p> <p>The test is not carried out if the –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Printed board does not carry any POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCE; - Base material of printed boards, on which the available apparent power at a connection exceeds 15 VA operating at a voltage exceeding 50 V and equal or less than 400 V (peak) a.c. or d.c. under normal operating conditions, is of flammability category V-1 or better according to AS/NZS 60695.11.10, or the printed boards are protected by an enclosure meeting the flammability category FV-0 according to AS/NZS 60695.11.10, or made of metal, having openings only for connecting wires which fill the openings completely; or - Base material of printed boards, on which the available apparent power at a connection exceeds 15 VA operating at a voltage exceeding 400 V (peak) a.c. or d.c. under normal operating conditions, and base material of printed boards supporting spark gaps which provides protection against overvoltages, is of flammability category FV-0 according to AS/NZS 60695.11.10 or the printed boards are contained in a metal enclosure, having openings only for connecting wires which fill the openings completely. <p>Compliance shall be determined using the smallest thickness of the material.</p> <p>NOTE: Available apparent power is the maximum apparent power which can be drawn from the supplying circuit through a resistive load whose value is chosen to maximise the apparent power from more than 2 min when the circuit supplied is disconnected.</p>	Building-in equipment, compliance shall be evaluated in the end product	--
6.2.2	<p><i>For Australia only, delete the first paragraph and Note, and replace with the following:</i></p> <p>In Australia only, compliance with 6.2.2 shall be checked by the tests of both 6.2.2.1 and 6.2.2.2.</p>	No TNV circuitry.	N/A

6.2.2.1	<p>For Australia only, delete the first paragraph including the Notes, and replace with the following:</p> <p>In Australia only, the electrical separation is subjected to 10 impulses of alternating polarity, using the impulse test generator reference 1 of Table N.1. The interval between successive impulses is 60 s and the initial voltage, U_c, is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - for 6.2.1 a): 7.0 kV for hand-held telephones and for headsets and 2.5 kV for other equipment; and - for 6.2.1 b) and 6.2.1 c): 1.5 kV. <p>NOTE 201: The 7 kV impulse simulates lightning surges on typical rural and semi-rural network lines.</p> <p>NOTE 202: The value of 2.5 kV for 6.2.1 a) was chosen to ensure the adequacy of the insulation concerned and does not necessarily simulate likely overvoltages.</p>	No TNV circuitry.	N/A
6.2.2.2	<p>For Australia only, delete the second paragraph including the Note, and replace with the following:</p> <p>In Australia only, the a.c. test voltage is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - for 6.2.1 a): 3 kV; and - for 6.2.1 b) and 6.2.1 c): 1.5 kV. <p>NOTE 201: Where there are capacitors across the insulation under test, it is recommended that d.c. test voltages are used.</p> <p>NOTE 202: The 3 kV and 1.5 kV values have been determined considering the low frequency induced voltages from the power supply distribution system.</p>	No TNV circuitry.	N/A
7.3	<p>Add the following before the first paragraph:</p> <p>Equipment providing functions that fall only within the scope of AS/NZS 60065 and that incorporate a PSTN interface, are not required to comply with this Clause where the only ports provided on the equipment, in addition to a coaxial cable connection and a PSTN interface, are audio or video ports and analogue or data ports not intended to be used for telecommunications purposes.</p>	No cable distribution system	N/A
Annex P	<p>Add the following Normative References:</p> <p>AS/NZS 3191, Electric flexible cords</p> <p>AS/NZS 3112, Approval and test specification—Plugs and socket-outlets</p>	Considered.	P

Index	<div>1. <i>Insert the following between 'asbestos, not to be used as insulation' and 'attitude see orientation':</i></div> <div>ASINZS 31124.3.6</div> <div>ASINZS 31913.2.5.1 (Table 3B)</div> <div>ASINZS 600644.1.201</div> <div>ASINZS 60695.2.114.7.201.2, 4.7.201.3</div> <div>ASINZS 60695.11.104.7.201.1, 4.7.201.5</div> <div>ASINZS 60695.11.54.7.201.3</div> <div>ASINZS 60825.14.3.13.5.1</div> <div>ASINZS 60825.24.3.13.5.1'</div> <div>2. <i>Insert the following between 'positive temperature coefficient (PTC) device' and 'powder':</i></div> <div>potential ignition source1.2.201, 4.7.201.3, 4.7.201.5</div>	Considered.	P
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<p align="center">ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 60950-1 CANADA NATIONAL DIFFERENCES Information technology equipment – Safety – Part 1: General requirements</p>	
Differences according to	Amendment 1:2011 to CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07
Attachment Form No.	IEC 60950-1 2nd Ed. Am2

SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS			
The following is a summary of the key national differences based on national regulatory requirements, such as the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) Part and the Canadian Building Code, which are referenced in legislation and which form the basis for the rules and practices followed in electrical and building installations.			
1.1.1	All equipment is to be designed to allow installation in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), ANSI/NFPA 70, the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC), Part I, CAN/CSA C22.1, and when applicable, the National Electrical Safety Code, IEEE C2. Also, unless marked or otherwise identified, installation is allowed per the Standard for the Protection of Electronic Computer/Data-Processing Equipment, ANSI/NFPA 75.	Quick-connector provided in the equipment for power supply from mains. Compliance shall be checked with the end-product.	--
1.1.2	Baby monitors are required to comply with ASTM F2951, Consumer Safety Specification for Baby Monitors		N/A
1.4.14	For Pluggable Equipment Type A, the protection in the installation is assumed to be 20A.....	Equipment acceptable for connection to 20 A protection.	P
1.5.5	For lengths exceeding 3.05 m, external interconnecting flexible cord and cable assemblies are required to be a suitable cable type (e.g., DP, CL2) specified in the CEC/NEC.	No external interconnecting flexible cord or cable assemblies.	N/A
	For lengths 3.05 m or less, external interconnecting flexible cord and cable assemblies that are not types specified in the CEC/NEC are required to have special construction features and identification markings.	No external interconnecting flexible cord or cable assemblies.	N/A
1.7.1	Equipment for use on a.c. mains supply systems with a neutral and more than one phase conductor (e.g. 120/240 V, 3-wire) require a special marking format for electrical ratings.	Only one phase conductor.	N/A
	A voltage rating that exceeds an attachment plug cap rating is only permitted if it does not exceed the extreme operating conditions in Table 2 of CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 235, and if it is part of a range that extends into the Table 2 "Normal Operating Conditions." Likewise, a voltage rating shall not be lower than the specified "Normal Operating Conditions," unless it is part of a range that extends into the "Normal Operating Conditions."	Only one phase conductor.	N/A

1.7.7	Wiring terminals intended to supply Class 2 outputs in accordance with CEC Part 1 or NEC shall be marked with the voltage rating and "Class 2" or equivalent. Marking shall be located adjacent to the terminals and shall be visible during wiring.	Not Class 2 equipment.	N/A
2.5	Where a fuse is used to provide Class 2, Limited Power Source, or TNV current limiting, it shall not be operator-accessible unless it is not interchangeable.	Not Class 2 equipment.	N/A
2.6	Equipment with isolated ground (earthing) receptacles is required to comply with NEC 250.146(D) and CEC 10-112 and 10-906(8).	Class II equipment	N/A
2.7.1	Suitable NEC/CEC branch circuit protection rated at the maximum circuit rating is required for all standard supply outlets and receptacles (such as supplied in power distribution units) if the supply branch circuit protection is not suitable. Power distribution transformers distributing power at 100 volts or more, and rated 10 kVA or more, require special transformer overcurrent protection.	No standard supply outlets, receptacles, lamp holders or such transformers.	N/A
3.2	Wiring methods (terminals, leads, etc.) used for the connection of the equipment to the mains shall be in accordance with the NEC/CEC.	Quick-connector provided in the equipment for power supply from mains. Compliance shall be checked with the end-product.	--
3.2.1	Power supply cords are required to have attachment plugs rated not less than 125 percent of the rated current of the equipment.	The power cord has not been checked, refer to Summary of Testing.	N/A
3.2.1.2	Equipment connected to a centralized d.c. power system, and having one pole of the DC mains input terminal connected to the main protective earthing terminal in the equipment, is required to comply with special earthing, wiring, marking and installation instruction requirements.	The Equipment not connected to DC power system.	N/A
3.2.3	Permanent connection of equipment to the mains supply by a power supply cord is not permitted, except for certain equipment, such as ATMs.	The equipment is not permanently connected to the mains.	N/A
3.2.5	Power supply cords are required to be no longer than 4.5 m in length. Minimum cord length is required to be 1.5 m, with certain constructions such as external power supplies allowed to consider both input and output cord lengths into the requirement. Flexible power supply cords are required to be compatible with Article 400 of the NEC, and Tables 11 and 12 of the CEC.	The power cord has not been checked, refer to Summary of Testing.	N/A
3.2.9	Permanently connected equipment is required to have a suitable wiring compartment and wire bending space.	The equipment is not permanently connected to the mains.	N/A

3.3	Wiring terminals and associated spacings for field wiring connections shall comply with CSA C22.2 No. 0.	Quick-connector provided in the equipment for power supply from mains. Compliance shall be checked with the end-product.	--
3.3.3	Wire binding screws are not permitted to attach conductors larger than 10 AWG (5.3 mm ²).		N/A
3.3.4	Terminals for permanent wiring, including protective earthing terminals, are required to be suitable for Canadian/US wire gauge sizes, rated 125 percent of the equipment rating, and be specially marked when specified (1.7.7).		N/A
3.3.5	First column of Table 3E revised to require "Smaller of the RATED CURRENT of the equipment or the PROTECTIVE CURRENT RATING of the circuit under consideration."		N/A
3.4.2	Motor control devices are required for cord-connected equipment with a motor if the equipment is rated more than 12 A, or if the motor has a nominal voltage rating greater than 120 V, or is rated more than 1/3 hp (locked rotor current over 43 A).	No such motors in the equipment.	N/A
3.4.8	Vertically-mounted disconnect switches and circuit breakers are required to have the "on" position indicated by the handle in the up position.	No disconnect switch in the equipment.	N/A
3.4.11	For computer room applications, equipment with battery systems capable of supplying 750 VA for five minutes are required to have a battery disconnect means that may be connected to the computer room remote power-off circuit.	No such battery.	N/A
	Battery system: When power-off is activated:		
4.3.12	The maximum quantity of flammable liquid stored in equipment is required to comply with NFPA 30.	No flammable liquids within the equipment.	N/A
	Flammable liquid material: Flash point: Boiling point: Container material: Storage container size:		N/A
4.3.13.5.1	Equipment with lasers is required to meet the Canadian Radiation Emitting Devices Act, REDR C1370 and/or Code of Federal Regulations 21 CFR 1040, as applicable.	No laser is used.	N/A
4.7	For computer room applications, automated information storage systems with combustible media greater than 0.76 m ³ (27 cu ft) are required to have a provision for connection of either automatic sprinklers or a gaseous agent extinguishing system with an extended discharge.	The equipment has no combustible area greater than 27 cubic feet.	N/A
4.7.3.1	For computer room applications, enclosures with combustible material measuring greater than 0.9 m ² (10 sq ft) or a single dimension greater than 1.8 m (6 ft) are required to have a flame spread rating of 50 or less. For other applications, enclosures with the same dimensions require a flame spread rating of 200 or less.	The equipment has no combustible material greater than 0.93m ² or single dimension greater than 1.8m.	N/A

Annex H	Equipment that produces ionizing radiation is required to comply with the Canadian Radiation Emitting Devices Act, REDR C1370 and/or Code of Federal Regulations, 21 CFR 1020, as applicable.	The equipment does not produce ionizing radiation.	N/A
OTHER DIFFERENCES			
The following key national differences are based on requirements other than national regulatory requirements.			
1.5.1	Some components and materials associated with the risk of fire, electric shock, or personal injury are required to have component or material ratings in accordance with the applicable national (Canadian and/or U.S.) component or material standard requirements. These components include: attachment plugs, battery packs (rechargeable type, used with transportable equipment), cathode ray tubes, circuit breakers, communication circuit accessories, connectors (used for current interruption of non-LPS circuits), cord sets and power supply cords, direct plug-in equipment, enclosures (outdoor), flexible cords and cables, fuses (branch circuit), fuseholders, ground-fault current interrupters, industrial control equipment, insulating tape, interconnecting cables, lampholders, limit controls, printed wiring, protectors for communications circuits, receptacles, solid state controls, supplementary protectors, switches (including interlock switches), thermal cutoffs, thermostats, (multi-layer) transformer winding wire, transient voltage surge suppressors, tubing, wire connectors, and wire and cables.	Critical components are IEC or UL certified. See list of critical components in main CB report (§ 1.5.1). There may be additional requirements for components in CSA.	P
1.6.1.2	A circuit for connection to the DC Mains Supply is classified as either a SELV Circuit, TNV-2 Circuit or Hazardous Voltage Circuit depending on the maximum operating voltage of the supply. This maximum operating voltage shall include consideration of the battery charging "float voltage" associated with the intended supply system, regardless of the marked power rating of the equipment.	The Equipment not connected to DC power system.	N/A
2.3.1	For TNV-2 and TNV-3 circuits with other than ringing signals and with voltages exceeding 42.4 V _{peak} or 60 V _{d.c.} , the maximum acceptable current through a 2000 ohm resistor (or greater) connected across the voltage source with other loads disconnected is 7.1 mA peak or 30 mA d.c. under normal operating conditions.	No TNV circuitry.	N/A
2.3.2.1	In the event of a single fault between TNV and SELV circuits, SELV Circuits and accessible conductive parts comply with the North American limits of 2.2.3.		N/A
2.6.2	Equipment with functional earthing is required to be marked with the functional earthing symbol (IEC 60417-6092)	Class II equipment	N/A

2.6.3.4	Protective bonding conductors of non-standard protective bonding constructions (e.g., printed circuit traces) subjected to the additional limited short circuit test conditions specified, if required.	Class II equipment	N/A
4.2.8.1	Enclosures around CRTs with a face diameter of 160 mm or more are provided with suitable enclosure to reduce the risk of injury due to the implosion of the CRT.	No CRTs in the equipment.	N/A
	Projected area of opening Minor dimension of projected area		—
4.3.2	Equipment with handles is required to comply with special loading tests.	The equipment has no handles.	N/A
4.3.8	Battery packs for both portable and stationary applications are required to comply with special component requirements.		N/A
5.1.8.3	Equipment intended to receive telecommunication ringing signals is required to comply with a special touch current measurement tests.	No TNV circuitry.	N/A
	Ringing ports provided: Simulation provided to: Measured total touch current :		N/A
5.3.7	Internal (e.g., card cage) SELV circuit connectors and printed wiring board connectors that are accessible to the operator and that deliver power are to be overloaded. During abnormal operating testing, if a circuit is interrupted by the opening of a component, the test shall be repeated twice (three tests total) using new components as necessary.	See table 5.3 in main test report	P
6.4	Equipment intended for connection to telecommunication network outside plant cable is required to be protected against overvoltage from power line crosses in accordance with 6.4 and Annex NAC.	No TNV circuitry.	N/A
Annex EE	Articulated accessibility probe (Fig EE.3) is used for assessing accessibility to document/media shredders instead of the Figure 2A test finger.	This equipment is not Document shredding machines.	N/A
M.2	Continuous ringing signals up to 16 mA only are permitted if the equipment is subjected to special installation and performance restrictions.	No TNV circuitry.	N/A
Annex NAD	Equipment connected to a telecommunication and cable distribution networks and supplied with an earphone intended to be held against, or in the ear is required to comply with special acoustic pressure requirements.	No TNV circuitry.	N/A

ATTACHMENT: KOREAN DIFFERENCES
Test results according to CB BULLETIN

Clause	Requirements – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
1.5.101	Addition Plugs for the connection of the apparatus to the supply mains shall comply with the Korean requirement (KSC 8305 and 8305).	The equipment is provided with a AC connector, must be checked in the end use.	—
7	Addition EMC The apparatus shall comply with the relevant CISPR standards.	Compliance with EMC must be considered when marketed in Korea.	—

ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 60950-1 with A1:2009 and A2:2013 United State NATIONAL DIFFERENCES Information technology equipment – Safety – Part 1: General requirements	
Differences according to	UL 60950-1-07(Second edition)+A1:2011+A2:2014
Attachment Form No.	US_ND_IEC60950_1F
Attachment Originator	UL
Master Attachment	Date (2014-07)
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	Special national conditions		
1.1.1	All equipment is to be designed to allow installation in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), ANSI/NFPA 70, the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC), Part I, CAN/CSA C22.1, and when applicable, the National Electrical Safety Code, IEEE C2.	Quick-connector provided in the equipment for power supply from mains. Compliance shall be checked with the end-product.	--
	Also, unless marked or otherwise identified, installation is allowed per the Standard for the Protection of Electronic Computer/Data-Processing Equipment, ANSI/NFPA 75.		N/A
1.1.2	Baby monitors are required to additionally comply with ASTM F2951, Consumer Safety Specification for Baby Monitors	Not used as this.	N/A
1.4.14	For Pluggable Equipment Type A, the protection in the installation is assumed to be 20A.	Considered.	P
1.5.5	For lengths exceeding 3.05 m, external interconnecting flexible cord and cable assemblies are required to be a suitable cable type (e.g., DP, CL2) specified in the CEC/NEC.		N/A
	For lengths 3.05 m or less, external interconnecting flexible cord and cable assemblies that are not types specified in the CEC are required to have special construction features and identification markings.	Must be evaluated in end product.	—
1.7.1	Equipment for use on a.c. mains supply systems with a neutral and more than one phase conductor (e.g. 120/240 V, 3-wire) require a special marking format for electrical ratings.	Single phase only.	N/A
	A voltage rating that exceeds an attachment plug cap rating is only permitted if it does not exceed the extreme operating conditions in Table 2 of CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 235, and		N/A
	- if it is part of a range that extends into the Table 2 "Normal Operating Conditions."		N/A

	A voltage rating is not to be lower than the specified "Normal Operating Conditions," unless it is part of a range that extends into the "Normal Operating Conditions."		N/A
1.7.7	Wiring terminals intended to supply Class 2 outputs in accordance with CEC Part 1 or NEC are marked with the voltage rating and "Class 2" or equivalent.	No connectors and field wiring terminal for external Class 2 or Class 3 circuits.	N/A
	- Marking is located adjacent to the terminals		N/A
	- Marking is visible during wiring		N/A
2.5	Fuse providing Class 2, Limited Power Source, or TNV current limiting is not operator-accessible unless it is not interchangeable.	No such fuse.	N/A
2.6	Equipment with isolated ground (earthing) receptacles is in compliance with NEC 250.146(D) and CEC 10-112 and 10-906(8)	Class II equipment	N/A
2.7.1	Suitable NEC/CEC branch circuit protection rated at the maximum circuit rating is provided for all standard supply outlets and receptacles (such as supplied in power distribution units) if the supply branch circuit protection is not suitable.	No special external branch circuit overcurrent devices provided.	N/A
	Power distribution transformers distributing power at 100 volts or more, and rated 10 kVA or more, provided with special transformer overcurrent protection.		N/A
3.2	Wiring methods (terminals, leads, etc.) used for the connection of the equipment to the mains is in accordance with the NEC/CEC.	Quick-connector provided in the equipment for power supply from mains. Compliance shall be checked with the end-product.	--
3.2.1	Attachment plugs of power supply cords are rated not less than 125 per cent of the rated current of the equipment.	Quick-connector provided in the equipment for power supply from mains. Compliance shall be checked with the end-product.	--
3.2.1.2	Equipment connected to a centralized d.c. power system, and having one pole of the DC mains input terminal connected to the main protective earthing terminal in the equipment comply with special earthing, wiring, marking and installation instruction requirements.	Not connection to DC mains supply.	N/A
3.2.3	Permanent connection of equipment to the mains supply by a power supply cord is not permitted, except for certain equipment, such as ATMs.	The equipment is not permanently connected to the mains.	N/A
3.2.5	Power supply cords are no longer than 4.5 m in length.	The power cord has not been checked.	N/A
	Minimum cord length is 1.5 m, with certain constructions such as external power supplies allowed to consider both input and output cord lengths into the requirement.		N/A
	Flexible power supply cords are compatible with Article 400 of the NEC, and Tables 11 and 12 of the CEC.		N/A

3.2.9	Permanently connected equipment have a suitable wiring compartment and wire bending space.	The equipment is not permanently connected to the mains.	N/A
3.3	Wiring terminals and associated spacings for field wiring connections comply with CSA C22.2 No. 0.	Quick-connector provided in the equipment for power supply from mains. Compliance shall be checked with the end-product.	--
3.3.3	Wire binding screws are not permitted to attach conductors larger than 10 AWG (5.3 mm ²).		N/A
3.3.4	Terminals for permanent wiring, including protective earthing terminals, are suitable for Canadian/US wire gauge sizes, are		N/A
	- rated 125 per cent of the equipment rating, and		N/A
	- are specially marked when specified (1.7.7).		N/A
3.3.5	Revise first column of Table 3E to "Smaller of the RATED CURRENT of the equipment or the PROTECTIVE CURRENT RATING of the circuit under consideration."		N/A
3.4.2	Motor control devices are provided for cord-connected equipment with a motor if the equipment is rated more than 12 A,	No such motor.	N/A
	- or if the motor has a nominal voltage rating greater than 120 V		N/A
	- or is rated more than 1/3 hp (locked rotor current over 43 A)		N/A
3.4.8	Vertically-mounted disconnect switches and circuit breakers have the "on" position indicated by the handle in the up position.	No switch acting as disconnect device	N/A
3.4.11	For computer room applications, equipment with battery systems capable of supplying 750 VA for five minutes have a battery disconnect means that may be connected to the computer room remote power-off circuit.	No battery in the equipment.	N/A
4.3.12	The maximum quantity of flammable liquid stored in equipment complies with NFPA 30.	No flammable liquids within the equipment.	N/A
4.3.13.5.1	Equipment with lasers meet the Canadian Radiation Emitting Devices Act, REDR C1370 and/or Code of Federal Regulations 21 CFR 1040, as applicable.	No laser product used.	N/A
4.7	For computer room applications, automated information storage systems with combustible media greater than 0.76 m ³ (27 cu ft) have a provision for connection of either automatic sprinklers or a gaseous agent extinguishing system with an extended discharge.	The equipment has no combustible area greater than 0.76 m ³ .	N/A



4.7.3.1	For computer room applications, enclosures with combustible material measuring greater than 0.9 m ² (10 sq ft) or a single dimension greater than 1.8 m (6 ft) have a flame spread rating of 50 or less.	The equipment has no combustible material greater than 0.9m ² or single dimension greater than 1.8m.	N/A
	For other applications, enclosures with the same dimensions require a flame spread rating of 200 or less.		N/A
Annex H	Equipment that produces ionizing radiation complies with U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, 21 CFR 1020 (and the Canadian Radiation Emitting Devices Act, REDR C1370).	The equipment does not produce ionizing radiation	N/A
	Other National Differences		
1.5.1	Some components and materials associated with the risk of fire, electric shock, or personal injury are required to have component or material ratings in accordance with the applicable national (U.S. and Canadian) component or material requirements. These components include: attachment plugs, battery packs (rechargeable type, used with transportable equipment), cathode ray tubes, circuit breakers, communication circuit accessories, connectors (used for current interruption of non-LPS circuits), cord sets and power supply cords, direct plug-in equipment, electrochemical capacitor modules (energy storage modules with ultracapacitors), enclosures (outdoor), flexible cords and cables, fuses (branch circuit), fuseholders, ground-fault current interrupters, industrial control equipment, insulating tape, interconnecting cables, lampholders, limit controls, printed wiring, protectors for communications circuits, receptacles, solid state controls, supplementary protectors, switches (including interlock switches), thermal cutoffs, thermostats, (multi-layer) transformer winding wire, surge protective devices, tubing, vehicle battery adapters, wire connectors, and wire and cables.	Critical components are IEC certified. See list of critical components in main CB report (§1.5.1). There may be additional requirements for components in US.	—
1.6.1.2	A circuit for connection to the DC Mains Supply is classified as either a SELV Circuit, TNV-2 Circuit or Hazardous Voltage Circuit depending on the maximum operating voltage of the supply.	Not connection to DC mains supply.	N/A
	This maximum operating voltage includes consideration of the battery charging “float voltage” associated with the intended supply system, regardless of the marked power rating of the equipment.		N/A
2.3.1	For TNV-2 and TNV-3 circuits with other than ringing signals and with voltages exceeding 42.4 V _{peak} or 60 V _{d.c.} , the maximum acceptable current through a 2000 ohm resistor (or greater) connected across the voltage source with other loads disconnected is 7.1 mA peak or 30 mA d.c. under normal operating conditions.	No TNV Circuit.	N/A

2.3.2.1	In the event of a single fault between TNV and SELV circuits, the limits of 2.2.3 apply to SELV Circuits and accessible conductive parts.	No TNV Circuit.	N/A
2.6.2	Equipment with functional earthing is required to be marked with the functional earthing symbol (IEC 60417-6092).		N/A
2.6.3.4	Protective bonding conductors of non-standard protective bonding constructions (e.g., printed circuit traces) may be subjected to the additional limited short circuit test conditions specified.	Class II equipment	N/A
4.2.8.1	Enclosures around CRTs with a face diameter of 160 mm or more reduce the risk of injury due to the implosion of the CRT.	No CRT used.	N/A
4.3.2	Equipment with handles complies with special loading tests.	No handle used.	N/A
4.3.8	Battery packs for both portable and stationary applications comply with special component requirements	No battery used.	N/A
5.1.8.3	Equipment intended to receive telecommunication ringing signals comply with a special touch current measurement tests.	No TNV Circuitry.	N/A
5.3.7	Internal (e.g., card cage) SELV circuit connectors and printed wiring board connectors that are accessible to the operator and that deliver power are overloaded.	See table 5.3 in main test report	P
	During abnormal operating testing, if a circuit is interrupted by the opening of a component, the test shall be repeated twice (three tests total) using new components as necessary		P
6.4	Equipment intended for connection to telecommunication network outside plant cable is protected against overvoltage from power line crosses in accordance with 6.4 and Annex NAC.	No TNV Circuitry.	N/A
Annex EE	Articulated accessibility probe (Fig EE.3) is used for assessing accessibility to document/media shredders instead of the Figure 2A test finger.	No document/media shredders provide.	N/A
Annex M.2	Continuous ringing signals up to 16 mA only are permitted if the equipment is subjected to special installation and performance restrictions.	No TNV circuit.	N/A
Annex NAD	Equipment connected to a telecommunication and cable distribution networks and supplied with an earphone intended to be held against, or in the ear comply with special acoustic pressure requirements.	No TNV circuit.	N/A

ATTACHMENT: CHINESE DIFFERENCES

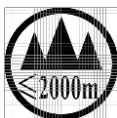

Test results according to CB BULLETIN

Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.1.2	<p>GB 4943.1-2011 applies to equipment for use at altitudes not exceeding 5000m above sea level, primarily in regions with moderate or tropical climates.</p> <p>Amend the third dashed paragraph of 1.1.2 as:</p> <p>—equipment intended to be used in vehicles, on board ships or aircraft, at altitudes greater than 5000m;</p>	3500m only	P
1.4.5	<p>After the third paragraph, add a paragraph:</p> <p>If the equipment is intended for direct connection to an AC mains supply, the tolerances on RATED VOLTAGE shall be taken as +10%,-10% unless a wider tolerance is declared by the manufacturer. The first dash paragraph"-the RATED VOLTAGE is 230V single -phase or 400V three-phase, in which case the tolerance shall be taken as +10% and -10%" of IEC 60950-1:2005 is deleted in GB 4943.1-2011</p>	Considered.	P
1.4.12.1	<p>Tma in clause 1.4.12.1 amended as: Tma: is the maximum ambient temperature permitted by the manufacturer's specification,or 35 °C, whichever is greater.</p> <p>Add note 1: For equipment not to be operated at tropical climatic conditions, Tma: is the maximum ambient temperature permitted by the manufacturer's specification,or 25 °C, whichever is greater.</p> <p>Add note 2: For equipment is to be operated at 2000m-5000m above sea leave, its temperature test conditions and temperature limits are under consideration.</p>	Considered.	P
1.5.2	Add a note behind the first break off section in Clause 1.5.2: A component used shall comply with related requirements corresponding altitude of 5000m.	3500m used	N/A
1.7	Add one paragraph before the last paragraph: The required marking and instruction should be given in normative Chinese unless otherwise specified.	Must be considered when market to Chinese.	—

1.7.1	<p>Based on the AC mains supply of China, the RATED VOLTAGE should be 220V (single phase) or 380V (three-phases) for single rated voltage, for RATED VOLTAGE RANGE, it should cover 220V or 380V (three-phases), for multiple RATED VOLTAGES, one of them should be 220V or 380V (three-phases) and set on 220V or 380V (three-phases) when manufactured.</p> <p>And the RATED FREQUENCY or RATED FREQUENCY RANGE should be 50Hz or include 50Hz.</p>	Rated voltage include 220V single phase.	P
1.7.2.1	<p>Add requirements of warning for equipment intended to be used at altitudes not exceeding 2000m or at non-tropical climate regions:</p> <p>For equipment intended to be used at altitude not exceeding 2000m, a warning label containing the following or a similar appropriate wording, or a symbol as in annex DD shall fixed to the equipment at readily visible place.</p> <p>"Only used at altitude not exceeding 2000m."</p>  <p>For equipment intended to be used in not-tropical climate regions, a warning label containing the following or a similar appropriate wording, or a symbol as in annex DD shall fixed to the equipment at readily visible place.</p> <p>"Only used in not-tropical climate regions."</p>  <p>If only the symbol used, the explanation of the symbol shall be contained in the instruction manual.</p> <p>The above statements shall be given in a language acceptable to the regions where the apparatus is intended to be used.</p> <p>If only the symbol used, the explanation of the symbol shall be contained in the instruction manual.</p> <p>The above statements shall be given in a language acceptable to the regions where the apparatus is intended to be used.</p>	<p>3500m used.</p> <p>This is a component level power supply. Must be evaluated in the end product.</p>	N/A

2.7.1	<p>Amended the first paragraph as:</p> <p>Protection in PRIMARY CIRCUITS against overcurrent short-circuits and earth faults shall be provided as an integral part of the equipment except special provisions. And the protective device shall meet the requirement of Clause 5.3.</p> <p>Delete note of Clause 2.7.1.</p>	Protective device is integrated in the equipment, see also Sub-clause 5.3.	P
2.9.2	<p>First section of Clause 2.9.2 amended as two sections:</p> <p>Where required by 2.9.1, 2.10.8.3, 2.10.10 or 2.10.11, humidity conditioning is conducted for 120 h in a cabinet or room containing air with ambient temperature $40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and a relative humidity of $(93\pm 3)\%$. During this conditioning the component or subassembly is not energized.</p> <p>For equipment not to be operated at tropical climatic conditions, Where required by 2.9.1, 2.10.8.3, 2.10.10 or 2.10.11, humidity conditioning is conducted for 48 h in a cabinet or room containing air with a relative humidity of $(93\pm 3)\%$. The temperature of the air, at all places where samples can be located, is maintained within 2°C of any convenient value between 20°C and 30°C such that condensation does not occur.</p> <p>Due to pretreatment of equipment operated at high altitude area is humidity conditioning withstand hot shock, specific requirements are to be considered.</p> <p>Add note: For equipment to be operated at 2000 m - 5000m above sea level, assessment and requirement of humidity conditioning for Insulation material properties are considered.</p>	Must be considered when market to the country.	—

2.10.3.1	<p>Amend the third paragraph of Clause 2.10.3.1 to be:</p> <p>These requirements apply for equipment to be operated up to 2000 m above sea level. Forequipment to be operated at more than 2000 m above sea level and up to 5000m above sea level, the minimum CLEARANCE shall be multiplied by the factor 1.48 corresponding altitude of 5000m given in Table A.2 of IEC 60664-1. Forequipment to be operated at more than 5000 m above sea level, the minimum CLEARANCE shall be multiplied by the factor given in Table A.2 of IEC 60664-1. Linear interpolation is permitted between the nearest two points in Table A.2. The calculated minimum CLEARANCE using this multiplication factor shall be rounded up to the next higher 0,1 mm increment.</p>	<p>3500m used.</p> <p>This is a component level power supply. Must be evaluated in the end product.</p>	N/A
2.10.3.3 & 2.10.3.4	<p>Add "(applicable for altitude up to 2000m)" in header of Table 2K, 2L and 2M.</p>	<p>Considered.</p>	P
2.10.3.4	<p>Add a new section above Table 2K and in Clause 2.10.3.4:</p> <p>Minimum CLEARANCES determined by above rules apply for equipment to be operated up to 2000m above sea level. Forequipment to be operated at 2000 m - 5000m above sea level, the minimum CLEARANCE shall be multiplied by the factor 1.48 corresponding altitude of 5000m given in Table A.2 of GB/T16935.1 (IEC 60664-1) . For equipment to be operated at more than 5000 m above sea level, the minimum CLEARANCE shall be multiplied by the factor given in Table A.2 of GB/T16935.1.</p>	<p>3500m used.</p> <p>This is a component level power supply. Must be evaluated in the end product.</p>	N/A
3.2.1.1	<p>Add a paragraph before the last paragraph:</p> <p>Plugs connected to AC mains supply shall comply with GB 1002 or GB 1003 or GB/T 11918 as applicable.</p>	<p>AC connector provided.</p>	N/A
4.2.8	<p>Clause 4.2.8 cathode ray tubes quoted Clause 18 of GB8898-2011.</p> <p>Delete note of Clause 4.2.8.</p>	<p>No such equipment.</p>	N/A

Annex E	Last section of Annex E amended as: For comparison of winding temperatures determined by the resistance method of this annex with the temperature limits of Table 4B, 35 °C shall be added to the calculated temperature rise. And add note: for equipment not to be operated at tropical climatic conditions, 25 °C shall be added to the calculated temperature rise to compare with the temperature of Table 4B.	Thermocouple measurement method	N/A
Annex G.6	Change the second section of Clause G.6 to be: For equipment to be operated at 2000 m - 5000m above sea level, the minimum CLEARANCE shall be multiplied by the factor 1.48 corresponding altitude of 5000m given in Table A.2 of GB/T16935.1. For equipment to be operated at more than 5000 m above sea level, the minimum CLEARANCE shall be multiplied by the factor given in Table A.2 of IEC 60664-1. Linear interpolation is permitted between the nearest two points in Table A.2. The calculated minimum CLEARANCE using this multiplication factor shall be rounded up to the next higher 0,1 mm increment.	3500m used. This is a component level power supply. Must be evaluated in the end product.	N/A
Annex BB (informative)	Amended as : The differences between Chinese national standards GB 4943.1-2011 and GB 4943-2001.	Considered.	P
Annex DD (normative)	Added annex DD: Instructions for the new safety warning labels. DD.1 Altitude warning label  Meaning of the label: Evaluation for apparatus only based on altitude not exceeding 2000m, therefore it's the only operating condition applied for the equipment. There may be some potential safety hazard if the equipment is used at altitude above 2000m. DD.2 Climate warning label  Meaning of the label: Evaluation for apparatus only based on temperate climate condition, therefore it's the only operating condition applied for the equipment. There may be some potential safety hazard if the equipment is used in tropical climate region.	3500m used. This is a component level power supply. Must be evaluated in the end product.	N/A

Annex EE (informative)	Added annex EE: Illustration relative to safety explanation in normative Chinese、Tibetan、Mongolian、ZhuangLanguage and Uighu.	Must be considered when market to the country.	—
Other amendments	In accordance with the relevant CTL decisions and the amendments of IEC 60950-1, the specific requirements or mistakes in IEC standard are corrected or editorially modified in this part, Including clause 1.7, 2.1.1.7, 2.9.2, Table 2H, Figure 2H, F.8, F.9, M.3 and Annex U.	Considered.	P
Quoting standards and reference documents	<p>The principles of quoting and referring to other standards in Annex P and reference documents of IEC 60950-1 are as follows:</p> <p>If the date of the reference document is given, only that edition applies, excluding any subsequent corrigenda and amendments. However, parties to agreements based on this part are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the reference documents. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document applies, including any corrigenda and amendments.</p> <p>For the usage of international standards in Chinese national standards and industry standards is various, in the aim of achieving easy operation and based on the requirements of GB/T 1.1 and GB/T 20000.2, when quoting an entire international standard in the normative quoting files and reference documents of Annex P of this part, the principles of quotation are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If there is no national standard or industry standard corresponding to the international standard, then the international standard is quoted; - If there is national standard or industry standard corresponding to the international standard, then either the national or industry standard is quoted; - If the date of the national standard or industry standard is not given, the latest edition of the standard applies; - The national standard or industry standard number, corresponding international standard number and the consistency level code should be identified in parentheses behind the listed national standard or industry standard. <p>When quoting several chapters or clauses</p>	Considered.	P

	<p>of the international standard, the principles of quotation are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If there is no national standard or industry standard corresponding to the international standard, then the international standard is quoted; 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If there is national standard or industry standard corresponding to the international standard, then either the national or industry standard is quoted. <p>Meanwhile, in order to retain the relevant information on international standards,informative annex CC is increased, which gives the table about the comparison of the normative quoting files and reference documents in IEC 60950-1: 2005 and GB4943.1-2011.</p>		

ATTACHMENT: JAPANESE DIFFERENCES
to IEC 60950-1


Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.2.4.1	Add the following new notes. Note: Even if the equipment is designed as Class I, the equipment is regarded as Class 0I equipment when 2-pin adaptor with earthing lead wire or cord set having 2-pin plug with earthing lead wire is provided or recommended.	Power cord not provided, must be checked in the end product.	—
1.2.4.3A	Add the following new clause. 1.2.4.3A CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT Equipment having attachment plug without earthing blade, where protection against electric shock is achieved by: - using BASIC INSULATION, and - providing externally an earth terminal or a lead wire for earthing in order to connect those conductive parts that might assume a HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES in the event of BASIC INSULATION fault to the PROTECTIVE EARTHING CONDUCTOR in the building wiring. NOTE – Class 0I equipment may have a part constructed with Double Insulation or Reinforced Insulation circuit.	Class II equipment.	N/A
1.3.2	Add the following notes after first paragraph: Note 1 Transportable or similar equipment that are relocated frequently for intended usage should not be designed as Class I or Class 0I equipment unless it is intended to be installed by service personnel. Note 2 Considering wiring circumstance in Japan, equipment intended to be installed where the provision for earthing connection is unlikely should not be designed as Class I or Class 0I equipment unless it is intended to be installed by service personnel.	This is a building-in equipment, must be checked in the end product.	—

Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.5. 1	<p>Replace the first paragraph with the follows:</p> <p>Where safety is involved, components shall comply either with the requirements of this standard, with the safety aspects of the relevant JIS component standard, or IEC component standards in case there is no applicable JIS component standard is available. However, a component that falls within the scope of METI Ministerial ordinance No. 85 is properly used in accordance with its marked ratings, requirements of 1.5.4, 2.8.7 and 3.2.5 apply, and in addition, a cord connector of power supply cord set mating with appliance inlet complying with the standard sheet of IEC 60320-1, shall comply with relevant standard sheet of IEC 60320-1.</p> <p>Replace Note 1 with the following: Note 1 A JIS or an IEC component standard is considered relevant only if the component in question clearly falls within its scope.</p>	The component fulfils the relevant IEC standard.	N/A
1.5.2	<p>Replace first sentence in the first dashed paragraph with the following:</p> <p>- a component that has been demonstrated to comply with a JIS component standard harmonized with the relevant IEC component standard, or where such JIS component standard is not available, a component that has been demonstrated to comply with the relevant IEC component standard shall be checked for correct application and use in accordance with its rating.</p> <p>Add a note after the first dashed paragraph as follows:</p> <p>Note 1 See 1.7.5A when Type C.14 appliance coupler rated 10 A per IEC 60320-1 is used with an equipment rated not more than 125 V and rated more than 10 A.</p> <p>Replace first sentence in the third dashed paragraph as follows:</p> <p>- where no relevant IEC component standard or JIS component standard harmonized with the relevant IEC component standard exists, or where components are used in circuits not in accordance with their specified rating, the components shall be tested under the conditions occurring in the equipment.</p>	The component fulfils the relevant IEC standard.	N/A
1.7.1	<p>Replace fifth dashed paragraph with the following:</p> <p>- manufacturer's or responsible company's name or trade-mark or identification mark;</p>	Comply with requirement.	P

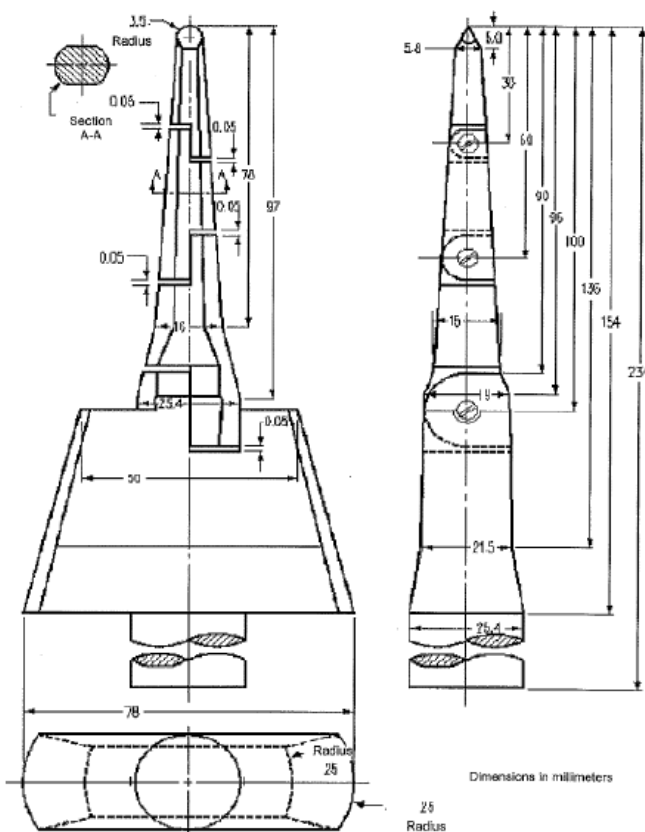
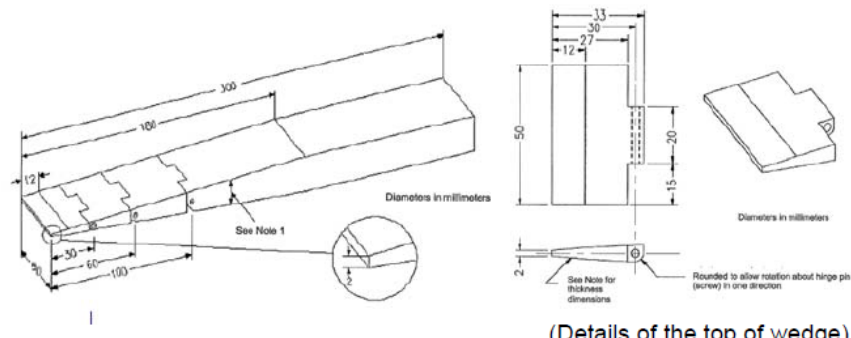
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
1.7.5A	Add the following new clause. after 1.7.5 1.7.5A Appliance Coupler If appliance coupler according to IEC60320-1, C.14(rated current: 10A)is used in equipment whose rated voltage is less than 125V and rated current is over 10A, the following instruction or equivalent shall be described in the user instruction. “ Use only designated cord set attached in this equipment”	rated current <10A	N/A
1.7.12	Replace first sentence with the following: Instructions and equipment marking related to safety shall be in Japanese.	This is a building-in equipment, must be checked in the end product.	—
1.7.17A	Add the following new clause. after 1.7.17 1.7.17A Marking for CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT For CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT, the following instruction shall be marked on the visible place of the mains plug or the main body: “Provide an earthing connection” Moreover, for CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT, the following or equivalent instruction shall be indicated on the visible place of the main body or written in the operating instructions: “Provide an earthing connection before the mains plug is connected to the mains. And, when disconnecting the earthing connection, be sure to disconnect after pulling out the mains plug from the mains.”	Class II equipment.	N/A
2.6.3.2	Add the following after 1st paragraph. This also applies to the conductor of lead wire for protective earthing of CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT.	Class II equipment.	N/A
2.6.4.2	Replace 1st paragraph with the following. Equipment required to have protective earthing shall have a main protective earthing terminal. For equipment with a DETACHABLE POWER SUPPLY CORD, the earthing terminal in the appliance inlet is regarded as the main protective earthing terminal except for CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT providing separate main protective earthing terminal other than appliance inlet.	Comply with requirement.	P
2.6.5.4	Replace 1st sentence with the following. Protective earthing connections of CLASS I EQUIPMENT shall make earlier and break later than the supply connections in each of the following:	Comply with requirement.	P

Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
2.6.5.8A	<p>Add the following new clause. after 2.6.5.8A</p> <p>2.6.5.8A Earthing of CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT Plugs with a lead wire for earthing shall not be used for equipment having a rated voltage exceeding 150V. For plugs with a lead wire for earthing, the lead wire shall not be earthed by a clip.</p> <p>CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT shall be provided with an earthing terminal or lead wire for earthing in the external location where easily visible.</p>	Class II equipment.	N/A
3.2.3	<p>Add the following after Table 3A:</p> <p>Table 3A applies when cables complying JIS C 3662 or JIS C 3663 are used. In case of other cables, cable entries shall be so designed that a conduit suitable for the cable used can be fitted.</p>	Not a permanently connected equipment.	—
3.2.5.1	<p>Add the following to the last of first dashed paragraph. Or mains cords shall be of the sheathed type complying with Appendix 1 of Article 1 of the Ministerial Ordinance on stipulating technical requirements for the Electrical Appliance.</p> <p>Add the following to the last of second dashed paragraph. Or mains cords shall be of the sheathed type complying with Appendix 1 of Article 1 of the Ministerial Ordinance on stipulating technical requirements for the Electrical Appliance.</p> <p>Delete 1) in Table 3B</p>	The power cord has not been checked, see summary of testing.	—
3.3.4	<p>Add the following note to Table 3D:</p> <p>Note For cables other than those complying with JIS C 3662 or JIS C 3663, terminals shall be suitable for the size of the intended cables.</p>	The power cord has not been checked, see summary of testing..	—
3.3.7	<p>Add the following after the first sentence:</p> <p>This requirement is not applicable to the external earthing terminal of Class 0I equipment.</p>		N/A
4.3.4	<p>Add the following after the first sentence:</p> <p>This requirement also applies to those connections in Class 0I equipment, where CLEARANCE or CREEPAGE DISTANCES over BASIC INSULATION would be reduced to less than the values specified in 2.10.</p>	Class II equipment.	N/A
5.1.3	<p>Add a note after the first paragraph as follows:</p> <p>Note – Attention should be drawn to that majority of three-phase power system in Japan is of delta connection, and therefore, in that case, test is conducted using the test circuit from IEC 60990, figure 13.</p>	Single phase connection.	N/A
5.1.6	Replacement: Replace Table 5A.		

Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict																												
	<table><tr><th>Type of equipment</th><th>Terminal A of measuring instrument connected to:</th><th>Maximum TOUCH CURRENT mA r.m.s. ¹⁾</th><th>Maximum PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR CURRENT</th></tr><tr><td>ALL equipment</td><td>Accessible parts and circuits not connected to protective earth</td><td>0,25</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>HAND-HELD</td><td rowspan="4">Equipment main protective earthing terminal (if any) CLASS I EQUIPMENT</td><td>0,75</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>MOVABLE (other than HAND_HELD, but including TRANSPORTABLE EQUIPMENT</td><td>3,5</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>STATIONARY, PLUGGABLE TYPE A</td><td>3,5</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>ALL other STATIONARY EQUIPMENT - not subject to the conditions of 5.1.7 - subject to the conditions of 5.1.7</td><td>3,5 -</td><td>- 5 % of input current</td></tr><tr><td>HAND-HELD</td><td rowspan="2">Equipment main protective earthing terminal (if any) CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT</td><td>0,5</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Others</td><td>1,0</td><td>-</td></tr></table>	Type of equipment	Terminal A of measuring instrument connected to:	Maximum TOUCH CURRENT mA r.m.s. ¹⁾	Maximum PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR CURRENT	ALL equipment	Accessible parts and circuits not connected to protective earth	0,25	-	HAND-HELD	Equipment main protective earthing terminal (if any) CLASS I EQUIPMENT	0,75	-	MOVABLE (other than HAND_HELD, but including TRANSPORTABLE EQUIPMENT	3,5	-	STATIONARY, PLUGGABLE TYPE A	3,5	-	ALL other STATIONARY EQUIPMENT - not subject to the conditions of 5.1.7 - subject to the conditions of 5.1.7	3,5 -	- 5 % of input current	HAND-HELD	Equipment main protective earthing terminal (if any) CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT	0,5	-	Others	1,0	-		
Type of equipment	Terminal A of measuring instrument connected to:	Maximum TOUCH CURRENT mA r.m.s. ¹⁾	Maximum PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR CURRENT																												
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Others		1,0	-																												
¹⁾ If peak values of TOUCH-CURRENT are measured, the maximum values obtained by multiplying the r.m.s. values by 1,414.																															
7.2	<p>Add the following after the paragraph:</p> <p>However, the separation requirements and tests of 6.2.1 a), b) and c) do not apply to a CABLE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM if all of the following apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– the circuit under consideration is a TNV-1 CIRCUIT; and– the common or earthed side of the circuit is connected to the screen of the coaxial cable and to all accessible parts and circuits (SELV, accessible metal parts and LIMITED CURRENT CIRCUITS, if any); and– the screen of the coaxial cable is intended to be connected to earth in the building installation.	No CDS and TNV circuit.	N/A																												
W.1	<p>Replace second and third sentence in the first paragraph with the following:</p> <p>This distinction between earthed and unearthed (floating) circuit is not the same as between CLASS I EQUIPMENT, CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT and CLASS II EQUIPMENT. Floating circuits can exist in CLASS I EQUIPMENT or CLASS 0I EQUIPMENT and earthed circuits in CLASS II EQUIPMENT.</p>	Considered.	P																												

Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
Annex JA	<p>Addition: Add a new annex with the following contents.</p> <p>Annex JA (normative) Document shredding machines</p> <p>Document shredding machines shall also comply with the requirements of this annex except those of STATIONARY EQUIPMENT used by connecting directly to an AC MAINS SUPPLY of three-phase 200V or more.</p>	Not Document shredding machines.	N/A
JA.1	<p>Markings and instructions In the easily visible part near the document-slot, by a method capable to make out clearly and not easily disappeared, and by easily understandable wording, shall indicate the symbol of;</p>  <p>and, also the following precautions for use;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - that use by an infant/child may cause a hazard of injury etc.; - that a hand can be drawn into the mechanical section for shredding when touching the document-slot; - that clothes can be drawn into the mechanical section for shredding when touching the document-slot; - that hairs can be drawn into the mechanical section for shredding when touching the document-slot; <p>in case of equipment incorporating a commutator motor, that equipment may catch fire or explode by spraying of flammable gas.</p>	Not Document shredding machines.	N/A
JA.2	<p>Inadvertent reactivation</p> <p>Any safety interlock which can be operated by means of the test finger, Figure JA.1, is considered to cause reactivation of the hazard.</p> <p>Compliance is checked by inspection and, where necessary, by a test with the test finger, Figure JA.1.</p>	Not Document shredding machines.	N/A

Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
JA.3	<p>Isolating switch</p> <p>Document shredding machines shall incorporate an isolating switch complying with sub-clause 3.4.2 as the device disconnecting the power of hazardous moving parts. For this switch, two-position (single-use) switch or multi-position (multifunction) switch (e.g., slide switch) may be used.</p> <p>If two-position switch, the positions for “ON” and “OFF” shall be indicated in accordance with sub-clause 1.7.8. If multi-position switch, the position for “OFF” shall be indicated in accordance with sub-clause 1.7.8 and other positions shall be indicated with proper terms or symbols.</p> <p>Compliance is checked by inspection.</p>	Not Document shredding machines.	N/A
JA.4	<p>Protection in operator access areas</p> <p>Any warning shall not be used instead of the structure for preventing access to hazardous moving parts. Document shredding machines shall comply with the following requirements.</p> <p>Push the test finger, Figure JA.1, into all openings in MECHANICAL ENCLOSURES without applying additional force. It shall not be possible to touch hazardous moving parts with the test finger. The document shredding machine is installed as intended, and all face of MECHANICAL ENCLOSURES are subjected to this test. Before testing with the test finger, remove the parts detachable without a tool.</p> <p>Push the wedge-probe, Figure JA.2, into the document-slot. And, against all directions of openings, if straight-cutting type, a force of 45 N shall apply to the probe, and 90 N if cross-cutting type. In this case, the weight of the probe shall not influence the test. Before testing with the test finger, remove the parts detachable without a tool.</p> <p>It shall not be possible to touch any hazardous moving parts, including the shredding roller or the mechanical section for shredding, with the probe.</p>	Not Document shredding machines.	N/A

Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict								
	<div></div> <p>Figure JA.1 Test finger</p>		N/A								
	<div><p>(Details of the top of wedge)</p><table><thead><tr><th>Distance from the top</th><th>Thickness of probe</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>180</td><td>24</td></tr></tbody></table><p>Note 1 - The probe shall be of changing the thickness linearly. However, the slope shall be changed at the respective points shown in the table. Note 2 -The allowable dimensional tolerance of the probe is +/- 0.127 mm.</p></div> <p>Figure JA.2 Wedge-probe</p>	Distance from the top	Thickness of probe	0	2	12	4	180	24		N/A
Distance from the top	Thickness of probe										
0	2										
12	4										
180	24										

ATTACHMENT: NATIONAL DIFFERENCES – ISRAEL Test results according to Online CB BULLETIN (Last modified date of 2012-02)			
1.6	Power interface The clause is applicable with the following addition:		—
1.6.1	AC Power distribution systems - At the end of the clause, the following note shall be added: Note: In Israel, the clause is subject to the Electricity law, 1954, its Regulations and updates.		—
1.7	Marking and instructions The clause is applicable with the following additions:		—
1.7.1	Power rating - Subclause 1.7.201 shall be added at the beginning of the clause as follows:		—
1.7.201	Marking in the Hebrew language The marking in the Hebrew language shall be in accordance with the Consumer Protection Order (Marking of goods), 1983. In addition to the marking required by clause 1.7.1, the following items shall be marked in the Hebrew language: 1. Name of the apparatus and its commercial designation; 2. Manufacturer's name and address. If the apparatus is imported, the importer's name and address; 3. Manufacturer's registered trademark, if any; 4. Name of the model and serial number, if any; 5. Country of manufacture. The items shall be marked on the apparatus or on its package, or on a label well attached to the apparatus or its package, by bonding or sewing, such that the label cannot be easily removed.	Must be considered before marketed in Israel.	—
1.7.2	Safety instructions and Marking 1.7.2.1 General The following shall be added to the clause: All the instruction and all the warnings related to safety shall also be written in the Hebrew language.	Must be considered before marketed in Israel.	—
1.201	Power consumption in standby mode The equipment shall comply with the requirements of the Energy Sources Regulations (Maximum electrical power in standby mode for domestic and office electrical appliances), 2011, with a permitted deviation of up to 10%.	Must be considered before marketed in Israel.	—
2.	Protection from Hazards The clause is applicable with the following additions:		

2.9.4	Separation from hazardous voltages - The following shall be added at the beginning of the clause: According to the Electricity Law, 1954, and the Electricity Regulations (Earthing and protection means from electricity at voltages up to 1,000V), 1991, seven means of protection from electricity are permitted, as follows: 1) Network system earthing - (TN-C-S; TN-S); 2) Network system earthing - (TT); 3) Network Insulation Terre - (IT); 4) Isolated transformer; 5) Safety extra low voltage; 6) Residual current circuit breaker; 7) Reinforced insulation; Double insulation. - Clause 2.201 shall be added at the end of the clause, as follows:	Considered.	P
2.201	Prevention of electromagnetic interference The device shall meet the requirement of the relevant part of the Israeli Standard series, SI 961. If the device contains components for prevention of electromagnetic interference, the devices shall not lower the safety level of the device, as required by this standard.	Building-in power supply. Must be checked in end product when marketing in Israel.	—
3.	Wiring, connections and supply The clause is applicable with the following additions:		—
3.2	Connection to a mains supply		—
3.2.1	Means of connection		—
3.2.1.1	Connection to an a.c. mains supply After the note, the following note shall be added: Note: In Israel, the supply plug shall comply with the requirements in Israeli Standard.SI 32 Part 1.1.	Power supply cord set is not provided. Must be checked when market into ISRAEL. See general information.	—
3.2.1.2	Connection to a d.c. mains supply After the first paragraph, the following note shall be added: Note: As of the date of publication of this Standard, there is no Israeli Standard for connection accessories to d.c.	Not connection to DC mains supply.	N/A

ANNEX P	<p>Normative references</p> <p>The annex is applicable with the following modifications and additions: In place of some of the International Standards cited in the Standard and noted in this annex, the following Israeli Standards shall apply:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>The referenced International Standard</th><th>The substituted Israeli Standard</th><th>Comments</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IEC 60065: 2001</td><td>SI 60065^(a) – Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus safety requirements</td><td>The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60065 – Edition 7.1: 2005-12.</td></tr> <tr> <td>IEC 60083</td><td>SI 32 Part 1.1^(a) – Plugs and socket-outlets for household and similar purposes: Plugs and socket-outlets for single phase up to 16A – General requirements</td><td>The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60884-1 – Third edition: 2002-06.</td></tr> <tr> <td>IEC 60227 (all parts)</td><td>SI 60227 (all parts) – Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V</td><td>The Israeli Standard series, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the Standard series, IEC 60227 (all parts).</td></tr> <tr> <td>IEC 60245 (all parts)</td><td>SI 60245 Part 1 – Rubber insulated cables - Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V: General requirements</td><td>The Israeli Standard series, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the Standard series, IEC 60245 (all parts).</td></tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">IEC 60309 (all parts)^(b)</td><td>SI 1109 Part 1 – Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes: General requirements</td><td>The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60309-1 – Fourth edition: 1999-2.</td></tr> <tr> <td>SI 1109 Part 2 – Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes: Dimensional interchangeability requirements for pin and contact-tube accessories</td><td>The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60309-2 – Fourth edition: 1999-4.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	The referenced International Standard	The substituted Israeli Standard	Comments	IEC 60065: 2001	SI 60065 ^(a) – Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus safety requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60065 – Edition 7.1: 2005-12.	IEC 60083	SI 32 Part 1.1 ^(a) – Plugs and socket-outlets for household and similar purposes: Plugs and socket-outlets for single phase up to 16A – General requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60884-1 – Third edition: 2002-06.	IEC 60227 (all parts)	SI 60227 (all parts) – Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V	The Israeli Standard series, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the Standard series, IEC 60227 (all parts).	IEC 60245 (all parts)	SI 60245 Part 1 – Rubber insulated cables - Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V: General requirements	The Israeli Standard series, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the Standard series, IEC 60245 (all parts).	IEC 60309 (all parts) ^(b)	SI 1109 Part 1 – Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes: General requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60309-1 – Fourth edition: 1999-2.	SI 1109 Part 2 – Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes: Dimensional interchangeability requirements for pin and contact-tube accessories	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60309-2 – Fourth edition: 1999-4.	
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IEC 60245 (all parts)	SI 60245 Part 1 – Rubber insulated cables - Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V: General requirements	The Israeli Standard series, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the Standard series, IEC 60245 (all parts).																				
IEC 60309 (all parts) ^(b)	SI 1109 Part 1 – Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes: General requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60309-1 – Fourth edition: 1999-2.																				
	SI 1109 Part 2 – Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes: Dimensional interchangeability requirements for pin and contact-tube accessories	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Standard, IEC 60309-2 – Fourth edition: 1999-4.																				

ANNEX P Continued

The referenced International Standard	The substituted Israeli Standard	Comments
IEC 60317 (all parts) ^(b)	SI 1067 Part 1 – Enamelled ^(c) round copper wires with high mechanical properties	The Israeli Standard is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 317-1: 1980-02.
	SI 1067 Part 2 – Self-fluxing enamelled ^(c) round copper wires	The Israeli Standard is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 307-4: 1980-02.
	SI 1067 Part 3 – Enamelled ^(c) round copper wires with a temperature index of 180 °C	The Israeli Standard is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 317-8: 1980-02.
IEC 60320 (all parts) ^(b)	SI 60320 Part 1 – Appliance couplers for household and similar general purposes: General requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60320-1: Second edition: 2001-06.
	SI 60320 Part 2.1 – Appliance couplers for household and similar general purposes: Sewing machine couplers	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60320-2-1: Second edition: 2000-07.
	SI 60320 Part 2.2 – Appliance couplers for household and similar general purposes: Interconnection couplers for household and similar equipment	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60320-2-2: Second edition: 1998-08.
	SI 60320 Part 2.3 – Appliance couplers for household and similar general purposes: appliance coupler with a degree of protection higher than IPXO	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60320-2-3: First edition: 1998-09.
IEC 60364-1: 2001	Electricity Law, 1954, with its Regulations and updates	–
IEC 60730-1: 1999 Amendment 1 (2003)	SI 60730 Part 1 – Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use: General requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60730-1: Edition 3.2: 2007-03.

ANNEX P	<p>Continued.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="347 275 555 353">The referenced International Standard</th><th data-bbox="555 275 922 353">The substituted Israeli Standard</th><th data-bbox="922 275 1332 353">Comments</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="347 353 555 488">IEC 60825-1</td><td data-bbox="555 353 922 488">SI 60825 Part 1 – Safety of products: Equipment classification and requirements</td><td data-bbox="922 353 1332 488">The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60825-1: Second edition: 2007-03.</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="347 488 555 622">IEC 60947-1: 2004</td><td data-bbox="555 488 922 622">SI 60947 Part 1 – Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear: General rules</td><td data-bbox="922 488 1332 622">The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60947-1: Edition 5.0: 2007-06.</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="347 622 555 757">IEC 61058-1: 2000</td><td data-bbox="555 622 922 757">SI 61058 Part 1 – Switches for appliances: General requirements</td><td data-bbox="922 622 1332 757">The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 61058-1: Edition 3.1: 2001.</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="347 757 555 902">ISO 3864 (all parts)^(b)</td><td data-bbox="555 757 922 902">SI 3864 Part 1^(a) – Graphic symbols -</td><td data-bbox="922 757 1332 902">The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Organization for Standardization Standard, ISO 3864-1: First edition: 2002-05-15.</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" data-bbox="347 902 1332 1093"> <p>Notes:</p> <p>(a) The Standard is being revised.</p> <p>(b) In the International Standard series, there are parts not yet adopted as Israeli Standards. This table notes the relevant Israeli Standards, and in the Comments column, the corresponding parts of the International Standard series.</p> <p>(c) Not relevant to the translation.</p> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The following shall be added to the annex:</p> <p>Israeli Standards SI 961 (all parts) – Electromagnetic compatibility</p> <p>Israeli Laws, Regulations and documents Electricity Law, 1954, with its Regulations and updates. Consumer Protection Order (Marking of goods), 1983, Kovetz HaTakanot 4465 dated 1983-02-24. Energy Sources Regulations (Maximum electrical power in standby mode for domestic and office electrical appliances), 2011</p>	The referenced International Standard	The substituted Israeli Standard	Comments	IEC 60825-1	SI 60825 Part 1 – Safety of products: Equipment classification and requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60825-1: Second edition: 2007-03.	IEC 60947-1: 2004	SI 60947 Part 1 – Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear: General rules	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60947-1: Edition 5.0: 2007-06.	IEC 61058-1: 2000	SI 61058 Part 1 – Switches for appliances: General requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 61058-1: Edition 3.1: 2001.	ISO 3864 (all parts) ^(b)	SI 3864 Part 1 ^(a) – Graphic symbols -	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Organization for Standardization Standard, ISO 3864-1: First edition: 2002-05-15.	<p>Notes:</p> <p>(a) The Standard is being revised.</p> <p>(b) In the International Standard series, there are parts not yet adopted as Israeli Standards. This table notes the relevant Israeli Standards, and in the Comments column, the corresponding parts of the International Standard series.</p> <p>(c) Not relevant to the translation.</p>			
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IEC 60947-1: 2004	SI 60947 Part 1 – Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear: General rules	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 60947-1: Edition 5.0: 2007-06.																		
IEC 61058-1: 2000	SI 61058 Part 1 – Switches for appliances: General requirements	The Israeli Standard, excluding national modifications and additions noted, is identical to the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard, IEC 61058-1: Edition 3.1: 2001.																		
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ATTACHMENT: SINGAPORE DIFFERENCES to IEC 60950-1 (ed.2)

No	Item	Requirement	Result - Remark	Verdict
<p>The following is the national differences in accordance with safety authority website www.spring.gov.sg/ , ref. Singapore Consumer Protection (Safety Requirements) - Information booklet - chapter 7 (page 20 - 21). Based on information by Singapore NCB – PSB Corp.</p>				
<p>7 SAFETY AUTHORITY'S REQUIREMENTS</p> <p>The Safety Authority monitors the safety of the controlled goods sold in Singapore by investigating all complaints, incidents and accidents reported to the authority. Experiences gained are translated into the Safety Authority's Requirements. These requirements are to be fulfilled in addition to the applicable safety standards.</p>				
<p>Applicable to all electrical products</p>				
3	All appliances	All appliances must be tested to 230 VAC, 50 Hz.	Tested within the range 100-240V, 50-60 Hz.	P
4	Voltage selector (voltage mis-match test)	Appliance fitted with voltage selector shall be tested as follows: Connect appliance to 230 VAC mains with voltage selector switch to settings not suitable for operation at 230 VAC.	No voltage selector	N/A
5	Tropical condition test	All appliances (with tropical test requirements in applicable Standards) shall comply with the tropical condition test as stated in the relevant IEC Standards.	Test performed, see main test report.	P
6	Class I appliances (3-pin mains plug)	All Class I appliances must be fitted with 3-pin mains plugs complied with SS 145 /SS 472 that are registered with the Safety Authority.	Class II equipment	N/A
7	Class II appliances (mains plug)	a) All Class II appliances must be fitted with 2-pin mains plug (Appendix T) complied with EN 50075. b) Class II appliances that are fitted with 3-pin mains plugs must use plugs that are complied with SS 145 and registered with the Safety Authority.	The equipment provides a quick-connector for power supply from supply mains. Connection th a mains supply shall be evaluated in the end-product.	--
8	Appliances rated ≥ 3 kW or connected to fixed wiring	Electric appliance ≥ 3 kW must be connected to fixed wiring. All connection to fixed wiring must be in accordance with Code of Practice CP5.	Rating is <3kW	N/A
9	Detachable power cord set (consists of mains plug, mains cord and appliance connector)	Detachable power cord set must be listed in the test report critical component list.	Power supply cord has not been check, refer to Summary of Testing.	N/A
10	Circuit diagrams	Circuit diagrams must be indicated with component's values for products tested to IEC 60065 and IEC 60950.	Must be considered when marketing in Singapore.	—

No	Item	Requirement	Result - Remark	Verdict
11	Circuit diagrams of electronic modules in electrical appliances	Circuit diagrams of the electronic modules in the electrical appliances must be provided.	Must be considered when marketing in Singapore.	—
12	Controlled goods likely to be treated as toy by children	Controlled goods, having an enclosure, which is shaped and decorated so that it is likely to be treated as a toy by children, shall not be accepted for certification and registration.	The shape and function are not considered as toy.	N/A
13	Controlled goods with rated voltage that are not suitable for local supply voltage	a) Controlled goods with rated voltage that are not suitable for local supply voltage will not be allowed for registration unless they are supplied with step-down isolating transformer and are tested together with the transformer as a complete set. b) A test to ensure that the controlled goods shut-down/fail safely should the consumer accidentally plugs the product directly into the 230 V mains supply socket outlet without using the isolating stepdown transformer shall be conducted.		N/A
Applicable to AC adaptor				
15	3-pin AC adaptor (Appendix U)	Test report showing that the 3-pin complied with sub-clauses 12.1 & 12.3 of SS 246 must be submitted.	Not AC adaptor.	N/A
16	2-pin AC adaptor (Appendix U)	The 2-pin (Appendix T) shall comply with EN 50075.	Not AC adaptor.	N/A
17	Detachable power supply cord set not supplied by Registered Supplier	a) Registered Supplier who is not supplying the detachable power supply cord set together with the AC Adaptor must provide written instruction to its customer on the type of approved detachable power cord set to use and declare to Conformity Assessment Body when applying for Certificate of Conformity. b) This requirement is only applicable to Register Supplier whose core business is supplying AC Adaptor or its Registered Supplier name is affiliated with the AC Adaptor's manufacturer.	Not AC adaptor.	N/A
18	AC Adaptor incorporated with 13A socket-outlet	Additional tests clauses to 13, 17 and 18 of SS 246 would be required.	Not AC adaptor.	N/A
Applicable to computer products				
19	CD/DVD ROM (used in personal computer)	Test certificate showing that CD/DVD ROM has complied with IEC 60825-1 must be provided.	Not used.	N/A
20	Modem Card (used in personal)	Modem card incorporated in the personal computer must be tested at set level (sub-clauses 5.1 & 6 of IEC	Not used.	N/A

No	Item	Requirement	Result - Remark	Verdict
	computer)	60950) or at component level.		
21	Powerline Ethernet Adaptor incorporated with 13A socket-outlet	Additional tests to clauses 13, 17 and 18 of SS 246 would be required.	Not used.	N/A
Applicable to plasma/LCD display monitor computer products				
42	Plasma/LCD display monitor with TV tuner	Plasma/LCD display monitor tested to IEC 60950 would require additional test to clauses 9 (related to antenna only), 10.1, 10.2, 10.3 and 12.5 of IEC 60065.	No TV tuner provided.	N/A